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Types 634 and 634M High-Pressure Shutoff Valves



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TYPE 634 SHUTOFF VALVE WITH OPTIONAL TANK VALVE IN UPSTREAM BODY SIDE TAPPING

Figure 1. Typical Constructions

Introduction

Types 634 and 634M high-pressure shutoff valves (Figure 1) serve to provide overpressure protection by containment. The Type 634 shutoff valve with internal registration is installed between a pressure-reducing regulator and a downstream system or equipment (Figure 2). The Type 634M shutoff valve with external registration requires a control line and is installed upstream of a pressure-reducing regulator (Figure 3).

Features

- Overpressure Protection without Discharge of Gas or Liquid–Under overpressure conditions, Types 634 and 634M shutoff valves stop the flow of gas or liquid rather than letting it vent to atmosphere.
- **Positive Shutoff–**After closing, shutoff valve stays closed until system is shutdown and fracture disk is replaced. Tight shutoff of elastomeric seat in plug assembly provides effective isolation.
- **Application Versatility**–Five different fracture disks are available to provide a choice of shatter pressure ranges.
- Easy Maintenance–Fracture disk, diaphragm, and plug assembly can be replaced without

removing body from line or disconnecting control line. Optional tank valves permit easy bleeding of trapped upstream and downstream pressure prior to disassembly.

Fracture Disk Information

The downstream pressure at which the fracture disk shatters depends on the unbalance between inlet and downstream pressure and can be determined from Figure 4. This shatter pressure is non-adjustable and can only be changed if the disk is changed (Type 634 shutoff valve), or if either the disk or inlet pressure is changed (Type 634M shutoff valve). Fracture disks are color coded to indicate their shatter pressure.

The Type 634 shutoff valve has negligible unbalance because the downstream pressure is essentially the same as the inlet pressure during normal operation. Simply select the fracture disk of the appropriate color from Figure 4 according to the desired shatter pressure.

The Type 634M shutoff valve can have considerable unbalance, thus causing the shatter pressure to vary approximately 2 psig / 0.14 bar per every 100 psig / 6.9 bar of inlet pressure change. Select the fracture disk of the appropriate color from Figure 4 according to the desired shatter pressure in combination with the inlet pressure.



Specifications

The Specifications section on this page provides the ratings and other specifications for the Types 634 and 634M. Factory specifications such as type, maximum inlet pressure, maximum temperature, maximum outlet pressure, spring range and orifice size are stamped on the nameplate fastened on the regulator at the factory. The manufacture date and original fracture disk range are printed on the disk retainer.

Body Size and End Connection Style 3/4 or 1 NPT	Vent Connection 1/4 NPT with removable Type Y602-12			
Maximum Inlet Pressure ⁽¹⁾ 1500 psig / 103 bar	 Vent assembly Downstream Pressure Registration Connection Type 634: Internal Type 634M: External through 1/4 NPT control line connection in the diaphragm case Available Options One tank valve in side tapping in upstream half of body or; Terminal table in the diaphragm case 			
Maximum Body Outlet Pressure ⁽¹⁾ Type 634: 150 psig / 10.3 bar Type 634M: 1500 psig / 103 bar				
Maximum Diaphragm Pressure ⁽¹⁾ Operating: 150 psig / 10.3 bar Emergency ⁽²⁾ : 225 psig / 15.5 bar				
Outlet Pressure at which Fracture Disk Shatters See Figure 4 and Table 1	 Iwo tank valves in side tappings in both upstream and downstream halves of body 			
Typical Capacities See Table 2 and Capacity Information section	Construction Materials Body: WCC Steel Casing and Fracture Disk: Cast Iron Disk Retainer: Aluminum Diaphragm: Neoprene (CR) and Nylon (PA) fabric Plug Assembly: Aluminum and Nitrile (NBR) O-rings: Nitrile (NBR) Other Metal Parts: Steel and Stainless steel			
Wide-Open Flow Coefficients to Determine Capacities NPS 3/4: C _g : 268, C _v : 7.37, C ₁ : 36.4 NPS 1: C _g : 319, C _v : 8.32, C ₁ : 38.3				
Temperature Capabilities ⁽¹⁾ -20 ⁽³⁾ to 180°F / -29 ⁽³⁾ to 82°C				
	Approximate Weight 13 lbs / 6.0 kg			
1 The pressure/temperature limits in this Bulletin or any applicable standard limitation should	not be exceeded			

 The pressure/temperature limits in this Bulletin or any applicable standard limitation should not be exceeded 2. A pressure exceeding this value can cause failure of, or leakage from, pressure-containing components.

 A pressure exceeding this value can cause failure of, or leakage from, pre-3. Low temperatures may stiffen elastomers and prevent normal shutoff.

The lowest pressure of the fracture disk chosen must be higher than all normal operating pressures of the regulator and system being protected. Regulator pressure characteristics such as lockup, boost and proportional band must be considered as part of normal operating pressures.

Principle of Operation

Regulator outlet pressure registers on the side of the diaphragm opposite the fracture disk. An excessive rise in outlet pressure provides enough force on the diaphragm to drive the stem through the fracture disk. This lets the plug close, and stay closed until upstream and downstream pressure are relieved and a new fracture disk is installed.

Installation

The Type 634 shutoff valve installation (Figure 2) does not shutoff inlet pressure to the upstream reducing regulator and thus does not provide overpressure protection to that regulator. Therefore, inlet pressure to the upstream reducing regulator must not exceed the maximum emergency outlet pressure rating of that regulator or 1500 psig / 103 bar, whichever is less.

The Type 634M shutoff valve installation (Figure 3) will shutoff flow to the downstream reducing regulator. Thus, inlet pressure to that regulator is limited by its maximum allowable inlet pressure rating or by the Type 634M maximum inlet pressure of 1500 psig / 103 bar, whichever is less.



Figure 2. Type 634 Shutoff Valve Installation



INLET PRESSURE

Figure 3. Type 634M Shutoff Valve Installation



Figure 4. Fracture Disk Selection

Table 1. Fracture Disk Selection

	SHATTER PRESSURE	FRACTURE DISK		
Type 634 Shutoff Valve	Type 634M Shutoff Valve	Color Code	Part Number	
20 to 28 psig / 1.4 to 1.9 bar	20 to 28 psig / 1.4 to 1.9 bar at 0 psig / 0 bar inlet pressure; see curve A for other inlet pressures	Red	29A1936X012	
50 to 60 psig / 3.4 to 4.1 bar	50 to 60 psig / 3.4 to 4.1 bar at 0 psig / 0 bar inlet pressure; see curve B for other inlet pressures	Yellow	29A1936X022	
72 to 88 psig / 5.0 to 6.1 bar	72 to 88 psig / 4.9 to 6.1 bar at 0 psig / 0 bar inlet pressure; see curve C for other inlet pressures	White	29A1936X032	



Figure 5. Typical Installation Showing Token Relief Valve

INLET PRESSURE TO SHUTOFF VALVE		WIDE-OPEN PRESSURE DROP THROUGH SHUTOFF VALVE		FLOW IN SCFH / Nm ³ /h OF 0.6 SPECIFIC GRAVITY NATURAL GAS			
				3/4 NPT Body Size		1 NPT Body Size	
psig	bar	psig	bar	SCFH	Nm³/h	SCFH	Nm³/h
100	6.9	1 5 10	0.07 0.34 0.69	6000 13,000 18,000	161 348 482	7000 15,000 21,000	188 402 563
500	34.5	1 5 10	0.07 0.34 0.69	13,000 29,000 40,000	348 777 1072	15,000 34,000 46,000	402 911 1232
1000	69.0	1 5 10	0.07 0.34 0.69	18,000 40,000 56,000	482 1072 1500	21,000 46,000 65,000	563 1232 1741

Table 2. Typical Capacities

Both types can be used along with a token relief valve (Figure 5) to minimize unnecessary shutoff. The relief valve is set to open before the Type 634 or 634M shutoff valve activates. This arrangement allows the relief valve to handle minor overpressure problems such as gas thermal expansion or seat leakage due to dirt moving through the system which may move out of the regulator during the next operating cycle. The shutoff valve does activate if the regulator has a major malfunction with excessive gas flow that exceeds the token relief capacity.

Dimensions are shown in Figure 6.

Capacity Information

Table 2 gives flow capacities at selected pressure drops across a wide-open Type 634 or 634M shutoff valve. Capacities are in SCFH (60°F and 14.7 psia) of 0.6 specific gravity natural gas at 60°F. To determine equivalent capacities for air, propane, butane or nitrogen, multiply the listed capacity by the following appropriate conversion factor: 0.775 for air, 0.628 for propane, 0.548 for butane or 0.789 for nitrogen. For gases of other specific gravities, multiply the given capacity by 0.775 and divide by the square root of the appropriate specific gravity. If the capacity is desired in normal cubic meters per hour (Nm³/h) at 0°C and 1.01325 bar, multiply SCFH by 0.0268.



Figure 6. Outline Dimensions

Ordering Information

When ordering, complete the ordering guide on this page. Refer to the Specifications section on page 2. Review the description to the right of each specification and the information in each referenced table or figure. Specify your choice whenever a selection is offered.

Ordering Guide

Type (Select One)

- □ 634
- □ 634M

Body Size (Select One)

□ 3/4 NPT

□ 1 NPT

Shatter Pressure (Select One)

- □ 20 to 28 psig / 1.4 to 1.9 bar, Red
- □ 50 to 60 psig / 3.4 to 4.1 bar, Yellow
- □ 72 to 88 psig / 5.0 to 6.1 bar, White

Tank Valves (Optional)

□ Inlet

□ Inlet and Outlet

Regulators Quick Order Guide			
* * *	Standard - Readily Available for Shipment		
* *	Non-Standard - Allow Additional Time for Shipment		
*	Special Order, Constructed from Non-Stocked Parts. Consult your local Sales Office for Availability.		
Availability of the product being ordered is determined by the component with the longest shipping time for the requested construction.			

Application: Specific Use ______ Line Size ______

Specification Worksheet

Gas Type and Specific Gravity _____ Gas Temperature ______

Relief Valve Size:

Brand of upstream regulator? _____ Orifice size of the upstream regulator? _____ Wide-open coefficient of the upstream regulator?

Pressure:

 Maximum Inlet Pressure (P_{1max})

 Minimum Inlet Pressure (P_{1min})

 Downstream Pressure Setting(s) (P₂)

 Maximum Flow (Q_{max})

 Performance Required:

 Accuracy Requirements?

Need for Extremely Fast Response? _

Other Requirements: _

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