Catalog No. **DE303-03**

NDV DIAPHRAGM VALVE



NIPPON DAIYA VALVE CO., LTD.

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SNO

Straight Type Diaphragm Valve (Basic type: Type 500)

Manually Operated Diaphragm Valve: Type 500





Nominal Size (DN): 15 - 300

Pneumatically Operated ON-OFF Diaphragm Valve: Type PO(PN) 1500N Pneumatically Operated ON-OFF Diaphragm Valve: Type HOT (HN) 1500N

Nominal Size (DN): 125 – 300 HOT…Reverse Acting(Air to Open)

PO…Reverse Acting(Air to Open)

Nominal Size (DN): 15 -100

PN…Double Acting

Electrically Operated Diaphragm Valve (1): Type MS4500



HN…Double Acting

Nominal Size (DN): 15 - 50



Nominal Size (DN): 25 - 300

For the product specifications and details, contact our Sales Dept. or local representative.

OVERVIEW OF DIAPHRAGM VALVES

1 Basic Structure and Mechanism of Diaphragm Valves

- Diaphragm valve generally refers to a valve having a diaphragm of rubber or other flexible material that opens or closes the fluid passage.
- •The following diagram shows the basic structure of diaphragm valve that consists of three units, actuator, diaphragm and the body. The valve controls the liquid flow by pressing or depressing the diaphragm to or from the sealing surface on the inside of the body.
- Diaphragm valves are roughly categorized to two types; Weir type (Type 400) and Straight type (Type 500), but both types share the same basic structure.

Basic unit structure



Actuator

Mainly categorized into the manually operated type, pneumatically operated type, flow control type(*) and electrically operated type.

Diaphragm

Rubber, fluorine resin(*) and other material are available according to application(**).

Body

Metal with or without lining is available in rich selection for a body. Connection method available includes welded type and screw type in addition to the flange type(**). (*) For weir type diaphragm valve only. (**) For details, see p.10 and p.15

Manually operated diaphragm valve (fluorine resin-lined)

Weir type diaphragm valve: Type 400



- Basic structure of diaphragm valve having a weir at the fluid passage. The diaphragm and weir of the body are tightly closed for airtightness to achieve high valve seat sealing performance.
- Rich selection is available for the main body and diaphragm material to apply to a wide scope of fluid.
- Used for : Chemical, environment and water treatment, iron and steel, shipbuilding, medical, food, semiconductor, power generation, etc.

Straight type diaphragm valve: Type 500



- The fluid passage is straight, which minimizes pressure drop and/or fluid accumulation.
- Applicable to viscose fluid, cellulose fluid, slurry, sledge and other fluids containing suspended solids.
- Oused for: Water purifying plants, terminal treatment plant, etc.

$(\mathbf{2})$ Features of Diaphragm Valves

OSuperb airtightness

· Actuator is isolated by the diaphragm. This prevents fluid leakage to outside or contamination of fluid by outside air.

2 Zero leak from valve seat

- · Controlled by flexible diaphragm, no fluid leaks from the valve seat.
- In the case of rubber diaphragm, complete closing is available, even if some foreign matters are bitten into diaphragm due to its flexibility.

3 Superb corrosion and chemical resistance

- · Simple body shape is suitable for the lining proess.
- · Combination of rich selection of diaphragm material and various lining bodies such as rubber and fluorine resin allows manufacture of valves applicable to a wide span of fluid specifications, which is more efficient costwise than special alloy combination.

4 Good self-purifying performance

· Streamlined fluid passage without pockets provides self-purifying performance by minimizing fluid retention.

Superb maintainability

- Simple design of three parts. Actuator. Diaphragm and the Body makes it easy to disassemble/assemble the valve.
- Top entry structure adopted enables to change diaphragm by simply removing the nuts and bolts that joint the main body and the bonnet without disconnecting the valve from the piping.
- · Each unit is interchangeable, enabling a system change with ease from manual to automatic operation.

6 Environment-friendly types

· Simple 3-unit construction of the Actuator, Diaphragm and the Body requires less number of parts than other valve types, saving consumable parts.

Environment-friendly type paint and lubricant free from hazardous heavy metal are used. (RoHS compliance)

Actuator for the pneumatically operated diaphragm valve is improved to have much higher durability, extending the replacement cycle for expendable parts.

Chloroprene diaphragm is lead-free.

Improved actuator for the pneumatically operated diaphragm valve has reduced air consumption. (Approx. 20% in average from the conventional products of ours.)

Solenoid valve to the pneumatically operated actuator can be installed directly without pneumatic piping, thus reducing material usage.

Type POM1400N



Main body

Diaphragm







Foreign matters

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500)		Electrically operated	iype	Type 4500	15-300	15-300	15-300	15-300	15-300	15-300	15-300	15-300	15-300	15-300	I	I	I	I	I	I	15-300	15-300	15-300	15-300	15-300	I	I	I	I
(Type	N-OFF	N) 1500N	Double Acting	Type IN1500N	125-300	125-300	125-300	125-300	125-300	125-300	125-300	125-300	125-300	125-300							125-300	125-300	125-300	125-300	125-300				
gm valve	erated O m valve	Type HO(H	Reverse Acting	Type IOT1500N H	125-150	125-150	125-150	125-150	125-150	125-150	125-150	125-150	125-150	125-150	Ι	Ι	I	I	I	Ι	125-150	125-150	125-150	125-150	125-150		I	I	I
e diaphra	atically op diaphrag	(PN) 1500N	Double Acting	Type PN1500N H	-100	-100	-100	-100	-100	-100	-100	-100	-100	-100	1	1	1	1	1		-100	-100	-100	-100	-100	1		1	
ight type	Pneum	①Type PO	Reverse Acting	Type P01500N	15	15	15	15.	15.	15.	15	15.	15	15							15.	15.	15	15	15.				
Stra		Manually operated	2	Type 500	15-300	15-300	15-300	15-300	15-300	15-300	15-300	15-300	15-300	15-300	I	I	I	I	I	I	15-300	15-300	15-300	15-300	15-300	I	I	I	I
		Electrically operated	2	Type 4400	15-300	15-300	15-300	15-300	15-300	15-300	15-300	15-300	15-300	15-300	20-200	15-250	15-80	15-100	15-200	15-80	15-300	15-300	15-300	15-300	15-300	15-100	15-100	125-250	125-200
	ated flow n valve	<pre>②[Cylinder type]</pre>	Double Acting	Type HN3400N	150-300	150-300	150-300	150-300	150-300	150-300	150-300	150-300	150-300	150-300	150-200	150-250	I	I	150-200	Η	150-300	150-300	150-300	150-300	150-300	I	Ι	150-250	150-200
	ically oper I diaphragr	olling gm type]	Direct Acting	Type BC3400	-150	-150	-150	-150	-150	-150	-150	-150	-150	-150	-150	-150	-80	-100	-150	-80	-150	-150	-150	-150	-150	-100	-100	-150	-150
e 400)	Pneumat control	①[Ro diaphra	Reverse Acting	Type B03400	15-	15-	15-	15-	15-	15-	15-	15-	15-	15-	20-	15-	15	15-	15-	15	15-	15-	15-	15-	15-	15-	-91	125	125
lve (Typ	gm valve	4) 1400N	Double Acting	Type HN1400N	125-300	125-300	125-300	125-300	125-300	125-300	125-300	125-300	125-300	125-300	125-200	125-250	I	I	125-200	Ι	125-300	125-300	125-300	125-300	125-300	I	Ι	125-250	125-200
ragm va	F diaphra	IO(HO, HN	Direct Acting	Type HC1400N	150	150	150	150	150	150	150	150	150	150	150	150	I	I	150	I	150	150	150	150	150	I	Ι	150	150
oe diaph	e ON-OFI	©Type H	Reverse Acting	Type H01400N	100-250	100-250	100-250	100-250	100-250	100-200	100-250	100-250	100-250	100-250	100-200	100-250	I	100	125-200	I	100-250	100-250	100-250	100-250	100-250	100	100	125-250	125-250
Weir typ	erated typ	l) 1400N	Double Acting	Type PN1400N																									
	tically ope	O(PC, PN	Direct Acting	Type PC1400N	15-150	15-150	15-150	15-150	15-150	15-150	15-150	15-150	15-150	1-150	20-150	15-150	15-80	15-100	15-150	15-80	15-150	15-150	15-150	15-150	15-150	15-100	15-100	125-150	125-150
	Pneumat	①Type F	Reverse Acting	Type P01400N																									
		Manually operated	1970	Type 400	15-300	15-300	15-300	15-300	15-300	15-300	15-300	15-300	15-300	15-300	20-200	15-250	15-80	15-100	15-200	15-80	15-300	15-300	15-300	15-300	15-300	15-100	15-100	125-250	125-200
				Valve type Material code	01	04	07(2)/07	12(2)/12	13(2)/13	71	30	33	35	36	50	59(M)	59(2S)/59(S)	60	40(04)	80(04)	NR	CR	BG	AB	EP	TX/CE	TX/CX	TF/CE	TF/CX
		ecifications		se material)	FC200	FCD-S	SCS13	SCS14	SCS16	HDZ55(FC200)	I (FC200)	(FC200)	(FC200)	(FC200)	(FC200)	(FCD-S)	(SCS13)	(FCD-S)	(FCD-S)	(FCD-S)	NR+BR	CR	E	NBR	EPDM	NEW PTFE/EPDM	NEW PTFE/EPDM+ α	PTFE/EPDM	PTFE/EPDM+ α
		Spt		Material (Ba	Gray cast iron	Ductile cast iron		Stainless steel		Dissolved zinc plated	Hard natural rubber lined	Soft natural rubber lined	Chloroprene rubber lined	Butyl rubber lined	Polyethylene lined	DEA lined		ETFE lined	Glass lined	Ceramic lined	Natural rubber	Chloroprene rubber	Butyl rubber	Nitrile rubber	EPDM	NEW PTFE/EPDM	NEW PTFE/EPDM+ α	PTFE/EPDM	PTFE/EPDM+α
						N n	lain omi	bo nal	dy i size	mat e (D	eria NN)	al a	nd	ran	ge (of a	ppli	icat	ole		Dia app	phra	agm ble	mat nom	eria inal	l an size	d ra e (Di	nge V)	of

 \cdot This table outlines the standard manufacturing range of the flanged type body. \cdot For other material and/or nominal size, contact our Sales Dept. or local representative.

4

ELECTRICALLY OPERATED DIAPHRAGM VALVE

4-1. Specifications of Electrically Operated Valve

① MS type: Seibu Electric & Machinery Model

② NR type: Nihon KOSO Model

4-2. Weir Type Diaphragm Valve: Type MS(NR)4400

① Actuator selection table

② Principal dimensions

4-3. Straight Type Diaphragm Valve: Type MS(NR)4500

① Actuator selection table

② Principal dimensions



Features

①Widely used by the govenment office for water treatment facilities and for power plants.
②Manual return type is the standard for safety purpose.
③Rich selection of accessories (motor with the brake, electric positioner, etc.)

(Control valve is also available in addition to the ON-OFF valve.

Standard Specifications

Valve typ	pe	Types MS4400 (Weir type), MS4500 (Straight type):								
Power	Motive power	3-phase AC power supply, 200/220 VAC, 400/440 VAC, 50/60Hz								
supply	Operation	Single-phase AC power supply, 100/110 VAC, 200/220 VAC, 50/60Hz								
	Structure	Flange type fully closed outdoor type(MRS is a built-in type fully closed outdoor type.)								
	Number of pole	4 poles								
Motor	Brake	None								
	Insulation	Type B(MRS), Type E(MAS-MFS)								
	Rating	5 min								
Operating	Structure	Outdoor type (IP55)								
machine	Selection system	Manual return system with selection lever								
	Position switch	Contact configuration: 1a1b contact (each one provided to OPEN and CLOSE sides)								
Switch	Torque switch	Contact configuration: 1c contact (each one provided to OPEN and CLOSE sides)								
	Interlock switch	Contact configuration: 1c contact								
Accord	Space heater	With 30 W (10 W for MRS type)								
ACCESSOLY	Opening indicator	0 ⇔ 100% indication								
Standard	exterior painting color	Silver (environment-friendly type)								
Optional		Special power supply, motor with the brake, automatic return system, explosionproof type, various types of transmitters, etc. can be arranged.								

Structure and Materials for Major Parts





Part No.	Part No.	Material
1	Main body	
2	Diaphragm	
4	Bonnet	FC200
6	Compressor	Note (1) FC200
7	Spindle	SUS304
7A	Spindle A	SUS304
7B	Spindle B	SS400
45	Yoke	FC200
77	O-ring	NBR

Note (1) Nominal size DN25-100 for Type 4400 is SCS13.)

Internal Connection Diagram (For reference)



1and2	OFF when fully open
4and3	ON when fully open
5and6	OFF when fully closed
8and7	ON when fully closed
9and14	ON with overtorque in OPEN direction
10and14	OFF with overtorque in OPEN direction or with manual operation
11and14	ON with overtorque in CLOSE direction
12and14	OFF with overtorque in CLOSE direction or with manual operation
13and14	ON with manual operation
H1,H2	Space heater terminals
U,V,W	Motor terminals

Limitorque (Nippon Gear), Rotork (Shimadzu) and other electrically operated machines are installable in addition to MS type and NR type above. For the details, contact our Sales Dept. or local representative.

EFERENCE

(2) NR type: Nihon KOSO Model

Features

Compact motor-operated machine for small bore valve.
 Operable with a single-phase power supply
 Economical as it consumes only little power compared with MS type.
 Valve open-close operation with a single select switch.
 Control valve is also available in addition to the ON-OFF valve.

Standard Specifications

Valve typ	е	Types NR4400 (Weir type), NR4500 (Straight type)						
Power su	pply	Single-phase AC power supply, 100/110 VAC, 200/220 VAC, 50/60Hz						
	Structure	Reversible motor (with thermal protector)						
	Number of pole	4 poles						
Motor	Brake	With permanent brake						
	Insulation	Type E						
	Rating	30 min						
Operating Structure		Outdoor type (IP55)						
machine	Selection system	Manual spindle pushing						
	Position switch	Contact configuration: 1b contact (each one provided to OPEN and CLOSE sides)						
Quuitab	Auxiliary switch	Contact configuration: 1c contact (two provided)						
Switch	Torque switch	None						
	Interlock switch	None						
Accessory	Opening indicator	O(OPEN) ⇔S (SHUT) indication						
Standard	exterior painting color	Metallic blue *Any special paint is not applicable.						
Optional		Space heater, electric-electric positioner, separate terminal box						

Structure and Material for Major Parts





Part No.	Name	Material
1	Main body	
2	Diaphragm	
4	Bonnet	FC200
6	Compressor	SCS13
7	Spindle	SUS304
45	Yoke	FC200
95B	0-ring	NBR

Internal Connection Diagram



U-X	Turn to CCW direction (OPEN direction)
V-X	Turn to CW direction (CLOSE direction)
7-10	ON at hinged end of CCW (fully open position)
9-10	ON at hinged end of CW (fully closed position)
TP	Thermal protector
SH	Space heater (optional)
LS3,LS4	Limit switch can be set for activation at an arbitrary position.

Turning direction is as viewed from the top of the operating machine. The diagram shows a hinged end at CW (fully closed position.)

If the 2 units of electric operating machines are simultaneously operated with the wiring as shown in the lower left-hand corner, a detour circuit is established through the capacitor leading to abnormal operation. Always arrange for the operating switches separately as shown to the right.







3. Straight Type Diaphragm Valve: Type MS(NR)4500

Type MS4500 selection table

Power s	equency	50Hz										60Hz									
Nominal	Actu	uator		Fluid pressure(MPa)										E	luid p	000	ro(MDa)		
Size DN	Туре	Output (kW)	0	.1 0	.2	0.3 0.4 0.5 0.6 0.7							7 0.1	3 0	0.4 0.5 0.6			0.7			
	MDS	0.1																			
25	MAS	0.2				_			+												
40	MRS	0.1							_												
	MAS	0.2																			
	MRS	0.1				_															
50	MAS	0.2				_											_				
05	MRS	0.1																			
65	MAS	0.2				_											_				
	MRS	0.1																			
80	MAS	0.2				+											-				
	MBS	0.1																			
100	MAS	0.2				_			_												
	MRS	0.1																			
125	MAS	0.2				_			_								-				
150	MRS	0.2																			
150	MAS	0.2																			
200	MBS MCS	0.75							_								-				
050	MOG	0.75																			
200	MUS	1.5																			
300	MCS MDS	1.5							_								+				

Type NR4500 selection table

Nominal	Actu	lator		Fli	uid pre	ssure	(MPa)	
Size DN	Туре	Output (W)	0	.1 C	0.2 C).3 C	0.4 0	, .50	.6 0.7
15	NRG								
20	NRG	1							
25	NRH	20							
40	NRH								
50	NRJ								

Actuator selection table in this catalog represents the case where the pressure to the secondary side is atmospheric when the valve is fully closed. See 6. Reference Material for more detail.



INTRODUCTION OF RELATED PRODUCTS

REFERENCE MATERIALS

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Approx. H

E SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

2 Principal dimensions





	Actu	lator	P	rincipal dir	nensions (n	nm)	Stroke	Operating	time (sec)	
Nominal		Output	Face-t	o-face		Approx	(mm)	50Hz	60Hz	Mass
DN	Туре	(kW)	Other than rubber-lined	Rubber -lined	А	H	ON-OFF valve	ON-OFF valve	ON-OFF valve	(kg)
25	MRS	0.1	127	132	430	440	25	28	23	53
_	MAS	0.2			587	545		27	22	70
40	MRS	0.1	159	165	430	440	25	28	23	55
	MAS	0.2			587	545		27	22	72
50	MRS	0.1	191	197	430	450	30	25	21	59
	MAS	0.2			587	555		24	20	76
65	MRS	0.1	216	222	430	475	35	29	25	64
	MAS	0.2			587	580		28	24	81
80	MRS 0.1	254	260	430	520	50	34	28	73	
	MAS	0.2			587	625		32	27	90
100	MRS	0.1	305	313	430	545	50	34	28	83
	MAS	0.2			587	670		32	27	100
105	MRS	0.1	050	001	430	640	70	47	41	98
125	MAS	0.2	356	364	587	765	/0	15	39	115
	MRS				430	730		74	62	118
150	MAS	0.2	406	414	587	855	110	71	59	135
200	MBS	0.75	EQ1	529	625	860	110	53	44	225
200	MCS	0.75	521	525	800	960	110	83	69	270
250	MCS	0.75	635	645	800 837	1160	160	90 57	75 48	325 330
000	MCS		740	750	837	1195	100	68	57	535
300	MDS	1.5	749	759	934	1260	190	78	65	575

Remarks: Dimension A and mass are for a motor without the brake.

Type NR4500 principal dimensions

	Actı	uator	Principa	al dimensio	ns (mm)	Stroke	Operating		
Nominal		Output	Face-	to-face	A	(mm)	50Hz	60Hz	Mass
DN	Туре	(W)	Other than rubber-lined	Rubber -lined	Approx. H	ON-OFF valve	ON-OFF valve	ON-OFF valve	(kg)
15	NRG		102	107	446	10	19	16	16
20	NRG		118	123	446	10	19	16	16
25	NRH	20	127	132	533	25	31	25	20
40	NRH		159	165	533	25	31	25	22
50	NRJ		191	197	544	30	58	48	27





INTRODUCTION OF RELATED PRODUCTS



INTRODUCTION OF RELATED PRODUCTS

(1) Gauge Valve type: Type 400G

- Liquid level inspection valve using the structure and features of weir type diaphragm valve.
- Main body made of lining material (hard natural rubber, glass, etc.) is corrosive liquid resistant.
- Applicable nominal size: DN20





2 Rubber-lined Check Valve

- Check valve with rubber lining material is manufactured using technology for rubber lining processing.
- Sealing system for DN15 80 is a ball type valve body and DN100 and 150 a swing type valve body.
- This valve is exclusively for a vertical piping. (Swing type valve body is applicable to level installation as well.)



3 Bioclean Diaphragm Valve series

- Valves of optimal sanitary specifications are available for the production lines of pharmaceutical, cosmetic, food, semiconductor and other industries.
 Bioclean Diaphragm Valve series most utilize the advantages of diaphragm valve structure that "contaminates no fluid and
- provides superb self-purifying performance."
 For more details, please refer to our Sanitary-related Valve Product Guide.



Order made system available to develop products meet customers' need; Inquire us for other options for actuators, special shaped body, special material products, etc.

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REFERENCE MATERIALS

Flange dimensions:Basic dimensions and standard face-to-face									
Special specifications: Nameplate, Painting, Photography and Vitness inspection									
③ How to read the product code number									
Material selection table									
5 Actuator selection table									



 $(\mathbf{1})$

Flange dimensions: Basic dimensions and standard face-to-face dimensions for JIS 10K flange

													Unit: mm		
Mandaal		_	Thickne	ee t	Po	lt hold	,		Raise	d face	Standard fa	ace-to-face	dimension		
Nominal	Outside			33 1	БО		5	Bolt	(F	RF)	Flang	e type	Scrowed		
DN	D	FC	Other than FC	Rubber-lined, resin-lined	Diameter C of center circle	Quantity	Diameter h	nomination	g	f	Other than rubber-lined, resin-lined	Rubber-lined, resin-lined	type		
10	90	13	10	3	65	4	15	M12	46	1	102	107	_		
15	95	13	10	3	70	4	15	M12	51	1	102	107	64		
20	100	13	10	3	75	4	15	M12	56	1	118	123	93		
25	125	13	10	3	90	4	19	M16	67	1	127	132	108		
32	135	16	13	3	100	4	19	M16	76	2	159	165	_		
40	140	16	13	3	105	4	19	M16	81	2	159	165	140		
50	155	19	14	3	120	4	19	M16	96	2	191	197	165		
65	175	19	14	3	140	4	19	M16	116	2	216	222	203		
80	185	19	14	3	150	8	19	M16	126	2	254	260	254		
100	210	22	17	4	175	8	19	M16	151	2	305	313	-		
125	250	22	17	4	210	8	23	M20	182	2	356	364	_		
150	280	22	17	4	240	8	23	M20	212	2	406	414	-		
200	330	25	19	4	290	12	23	M20	262	2	521	529	_		
250	400	25	19	5	355	12	25	M22	324 2		635	645	_		
300	445	29	22	5	400	16	25	M22	368	3	749	759	—		

Flange type

1. Flange standard:

The above standard comply with JIS B2220 (steel pipe flange with nominal pressure of 10K). The flange thickness t shall comply with BS10 Part 2-TABLE D (British Standard Class D).

2. The flange thickness t shall be classified as follows :

FC: Gray casting, ductile steel casting

Other than FC: Steel casting, stainless steel casting, and bronze casting

3. Packing face:

Standard face shall be flat face. The above table shall apply to stainless steel casting, particularly when raised face is specified. The standard of this company shall apply to ETFE-, PFA-, and glass-lined material for the main body that constitute a raised face from their manufacturing method.

4. Other Standers:

We also manufacture flanges under other standards such as ANSI Class 125/150. Standards of Japan Water Works Association, DIN PN10/16. The thickness of flanges shall be all as per above-mentioned table. (Depending on body materials, either of ANSI Standard Class 125 or 150 is applied, but the both flange bolt hole pattern is same.)

5. Face-to-face dimension:

Complies with ISO 5752.

6. Bolt and nut:

Because of narrow space for the hexagon piping nut on the back of the flange of nominal size DN15 – 80, use of continuous-thread stud and hexagonal nut of JIS Standard (8-slit nut) is recommended.

(2) Special specifications: Nameplate, Painting, Photography and Witness inspection

1. Nameplate:

Nameplates indicating the valve name and other special naming are available by option.

2. Painting:

Standard painting shall be as follows:

Manually operated valves: Rust resistant paint (Gray) without top coating Automatically operated valves (pneumatic and electric): Rust resistant paint and silver top paint For special coating, please specify details for separate estimate.

3. Photography:

Photography is available by option.

4. Witness inspection:

Witness inspection by inspection agency is option.

NEUMATICALLY OPERATED TYPE

ELECTRICALLY OPERATED DIAPHRAGM VALVE

ITRODUCTION OF

REFERENCE

MATERIALS

How to read the product code number

Basic system for product code number

 $(\mathbf{3})$

perating A system	Ancillary device	Operating Valve Material Special body/lining base material base material	Material of Nominal Actuator Connection diaphragm size code standard
1)Operati	ng svste	em	(5) Material of main bodySee p10 and p15
Manually	None	Standard handwheel type	
operated	G	Gear operated type	Special body/lining base material
valve	QL	Quick open-close type	None Standard two-face body
	PO(HO)	ON-OFF valve, reverse acting type	L Angle type
Pneumatically	PC(HC)	ON-OFF valve, direct acting type	S.04 etc. Lining base material: Dependent on a main body material code
operated	PN(HN)	ON-OFF valve, double acting type	(Also depend on requested material and type.)
valve	BO	Rolling diaphragm type control valve, reverse acting type	(
	BC	Rolling diaphragm type control valve, direct acting type	⑦Diaphragm material… See p.11 and 15.
Electrically	MRS M#S	MS type actuator (Manufactured by Seibu Denki)	®Nominal size: (DN or A)
operated valve	NR#	NR type actuator (Manufactured by Nihon Koso)	Compliant with ISO 6708 and JIS B 2001.
②Ancilla None	ry devic Standa	e rd actuator	
L	With th	e lock nut	our 8-digit code number will be given according to
S	With th	e opening indicator	requested valve specifications.)
М	With a	imit switch/exclusive limit switch box	Onection standard
SH	With the	manual opening device: for Types PO1400N(1500N)	J10KFF JIS 10KFF
ST	With the	opening limit device: for Types PO(PC, PN)1400N(1500N)	J10KRF JIS 10KRF
SL	With the m	anual opening + opening limit device: for Types P01400N(1500N)	A125FF ANSI CL125FF
Т	With the	opening limit device: for Types HO(HC, HN)1400N(1500N)	A150RF ANSI CL150RF
TH	With the m	anual opening + opening limit device: for Types H01400N(1500N)	PT Tapered screw for the piping
Н	With the	e manual operated device: for Types BO(BC)3400	JT General TIG welded joint
			SW Insert welded type
3Operati	ing sect	ion	(Other standard may be arranged as requested.)
None	Manual	ly operated valve	
1	Pneum	atically operated type ON-OFF valve	*Improved product ID code (To be determined at the time
3	Pneum	atically operated type flow control valve	of valve selection. Requires no selection by customer.)
4	Electric	ally operated valve	None First time
			N First improvement
4 Valve t	уре		NB Second improvement
4	Weir ty	pe diaphragm valve: Type 400	NC Third improvement
5	Straigh	t type diaphragm valve: Type 400	
lotation e	example]	





The above-mentioned product codes represent the standard system. A separate code number may be given to a product manufactured according to requested specifications. For any question on the detail of product coding, contact our Sales Dept. or local representative.

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SAFETY INSTRUCTION



REFERENCE MATERIALS

(4) Material Selection Table

This valve selection table outlines typical reference materials based on our tests and rich performance data. (The following table represents excerpts of reference materials. For application under other fluid, concentration, temperature and other conditions than stated in the table, please contact our Sales Dept. or local representative.) Material evaluation symbol

©: Comprehensively recommended ○: Applicable △: Conditionally applicable ×: Inapplicable -: Applicability unknown

								Main	body	v mat	erial	code	*1			Dia	ohras	zm ma	ateria	al cor	le*2
Fluid name	Concentration%	TemperatureC	01	04	07	12	13	30	33	35	36	40	59	60	80	NR	CR	BG	EP	AB	TX
0 11 11 11		20 to 60	\triangle	\triangle	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sodium nitrite	60	61 to 80	\triangle		Õ	Õ	Õ	0	\triangle		\triangle	Õ	Õ	Õ	-	Õ	Õ	\triangle	0	×	Õ
	F	20 to 60	×	×	0	0	0	0	\triangle	0	\bigtriangleup	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	\triangle	0
Sume solution	5	61 to 80	×	×	0	0	0	0	\bigtriangleup	0	\bigtriangleup	0	0	0	-	×	×	×	×	×	O
Sodium culfito	20 or under	20 to 60	×	×	0	0	0	\bigcirc	\bigtriangleup	0	\bigtriangleup	0	0	0	-	0	\bigcirc	0	0	\bigtriangleup	0
Sourain suinte		61 to 80	×	×	0	0	0	\bigcirc	\bigtriangleup	0	\bigtriangleup	0	0	0	-	\bigcirc	0	\bigtriangleup	\bigcirc	×	0
Ammonia water	28	20 to 50	0	0	0	0	0	\bigcirc	0	0	0	×	0	0	-	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	0	0	-	0
		20 to 60	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Ethylene glycol	100	61 to 80	0	0	0	0	0	0				0	0	0	0	0	0		©		
	05	81 or over	0	O	0	0	0	×	×	×	×	0	0	0	0	×	×	×		×	
Ammonium oblorido	35	201050	×	×	×	× ×	×	0	0		$\hat{\mathbf{O}}$	$\frac{0}{2}$	0	0	-	$\overline{)}$	0	$\hat{\mathbf{O}}$		<u> </u>	
Ammonium chioride		00	$\hat{}$	$\hat{}$	$\hat{}$	Ŷ	~	v	×		×	$\overline{0}$	0	0	-	Ŷ	v	×	~	~	
		20 to 60	x	X	×	×	×	0	$\hat{\circ}$	$\hat{\circ}$	$\hat{\bigcirc}$	0	0	0	-	0	$\hat{\circ}$	$\hat{\circ}$	0		
	5 or under	61 to 80	×	×	×	×	×	0	×	×		Õ	Õ	Õ	-	Õ	\triangle	ŏ	0		ŏ
		81 to 100	×	×	X	х	×	×	X	×	×	Õ	Õ	Ô	-	×	×	x	\triangle	×	0
		20 to 60	×	×	×	×	×	0	\triangle	×	\triangle	Õ	Õ	Õ	-	0	0	0	0	0	Ō
	6 to 20	61 to 80	×	×	×	х	×	0	х	×	×	0	0	0	-	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup	\triangle	0	\bigtriangleup	0
		81 to 100	×	×	×	х	×	×	×	×	×	0	\bigcirc	0	-	×	×	Х	\bigtriangleup	×	O
		20 to 50	×	×	×	×	×	\bigcirc	×	×	\bigtriangleup	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	\bigtriangleup	0
Hydrochloric acid	21 to 30	51 to 70	×	×	×	×	×	O	×	×	×	0	0	0	-	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup	0	\bigtriangleup	O
	21 10 00	71 to 80	×	×	×	×	х	0	х	×	×	0	0	0	-	×	×	×	х	х	O
		81 to 90	х	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	0	0	0	-	×	×	×	×	×	
		20 to 35	×	×	×	×	×	0	X	×	×	0	0	0	-	\triangle	×	0	0	×	
	31 to 35	36 to 60	X	X	X	×	X	\bigcirc	X	X	X	\bigcirc	O	\bigcirc	-	X	X	X	\cup	X	
		61 to 80	×	X	X	×	×	0	X	X	X	\bigcirc	0	0	-	X	X	X	×	X	
	36	20 to 35	×	×	×	×	×	0	×	X	×	\bigcirc	0	0	-	×	×	×	<u> </u>	×	
European la value e la la vie	07.0	20 to 35	$\hat{}$	$\hat{}$	$\hat{}$	÷	<u>~</u>	$\overline{\bigcirc}$	$\hat{\mathbf{v}}$	-	$\hat{\mathbf{v}}$	$\overline{0}$	0	0	-	$\hat{}$	$\hat{\mathbf{v}}$	$\hat{\mathbf{v}}$	$\hat{\mathbf{v}}$	$\hat{}$	
Fuming hydrochloric	37.2 OF	36 to 60	Ŷ	×	×	Ŷ	×	~	×	$\hat{\mathbf{x}}$	×	$\overline{}$	0	0	-	Ŷ	×	Ŷ	×	×	
	010.	20 to 35	x	×	X	x	×	\wedge	X	X	×	$\overline{\circ}$	0	0	\cap	×	×	X	\wedge	×	
Chlorine gas (wet)		36 or over	×	×	X	X	×	×	X	×	×	0	0	0	0	×	×	X	×	X	
<u> </u>		20 to 35	×	\triangle	\triangle	\triangle	\triangle	\triangle	×	×	×	Õ	Õ	0	-	×	×	×	\triangle	×	0
Chlorine gas (dry)		36 or over	×		\bigtriangleup	\triangle	\bigtriangleup	×	×	×	×	Õ	Õ	Õ	-	×	×	×	×	×	Õ
Codium oblarata	20 or	20 to 50	×	×	0	0	0	0	\bigtriangleup	\triangle	\bigtriangleup	0	0	0	-	\triangle	\bigtriangleup	\triangle	0	-	0
Souluin chiorate	over	51 or over	×	×	0	0	0	х	Х	×	×	0	0	0	-	×	×	Х	×	-	\bigcirc
Chlorine water	0.3 or	20 to 35	×	×	×	х	×	\bigcirc	×	×	×	0	0	0	0	×	×	×	0	×	O
	under	36 or over	×	×	×	×	х	X	х	×	×	0	0	0	0	×	×	×	х	Х	O
Seawater		20	×	X	×	×	×	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	-	
		20 to 50	×	X	0	0	0	0	Â	Û	0	X	0	0	-	0	O	\bigcirc			
	5 or under	51 to 60	×	×	$\overline{\bigcirc}$	0	0	0 V			×	×	0	0	-	$\overline{\mathbf{v}}$	$\overline{\mathbf{O}}$	$\hat{\mathbf{O}}$		×	
		20 to 35	Ŷ	$\hat{\mathbf{x}}$	$\overline{\bigcirc}$	$\frac{1}{2}$		<u>^</u>	×	Â	×	×	0	0	-	$\hat{\mathbf{x}}$		\square	×	×	
	6 to 20	36 to 50	×	×	$\overline{\circ}$	0	0	0	×	×	×	×	0	0	-	×		0	×	×	
	01020	51 to 80	X	X	0	0	0	X	X	X	X	X	0	0	-	X	×	×	X	X	$\overline{0}$
		20 to 35	×	×	ŏ	ŏ	0	0	×	×	×	X	Õ	0	-	×	×	\overline{O}	×	×	Ō
	21 to 40	36 to 50	×	×	Õ	Ō	Õ	Õ	×	×	×	×	Õ	Ō	-	×	×	Õ	×	×	Ō
Acetic acid		51 to 80	×	×	0	0	0	×	х	×	×	×	0	O	-	×	×	X	×	×	0
		20 to 35	×	×	0	0	0	0	Х	×	×	×	0	0	-	×	×	0	×	×	O
	41 to 60	36 to 50	×	×	0	0	0	\bigtriangleup	×	×	×	×	O	0	-	×	×	X	×	×	O
		51 to 80	×	×	0	0	0	×	×	×	×	×	0	0	-	×	×	×	×	×	0
	04 1 00	20 to 35	×	×	Q	0	0	\triangle	X	×	×	×	0	$\frac{1}{2}$	-	×	X	X	X	×	
	61 to 80	36 to 50	×	X	$\frac{0}{2}$	0	0	X	X	X	X	X	0	0	-	X	X	X	X	X	
		20 to 35	×	×	$\overline{\bigcirc}$	0	0	×	×	×	×	×	0	0	-	×	×	×	×	×	
	96 to 100	36 or over	×	×	$\overline{}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	0	×	×	×	×	×	0		-	×	×	×	×	×	
		20 to 35	X	X	×	×	×	Ô			\triangle	$\hat{\mathbf{O}}$	0	0	-		\triangle	\triangle	Ô	\triangle	
	0.1 or under	36 to 50	×	×	×	×	×	Ô	×	×	×	Õ	Õ	Õ	-	×	×	\triangle	Õ	×	0
		51 to 60	×	×	×	×	×	Ō	×	×	×	Ō	Ō	Õ	-	×	×	×	×	×	Ō
		20 to 35	×	×	×	х	×	0	\triangle		\bigtriangleup	0	0	0	-	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup	\triangle	0	×	0
	0.11 to 1.0	36 to 50	×	×	×	×	×	0	×	×	×	0_	0	0	-	×	×	×	\triangle	×	\bigcirc
		51 or over	×	×	×	х	х	х	×	×	×	0	0	O	-	×	×	×	×	×	O
Sodium		20 to 35	×	×	×	×	×	0	×	×		0	0	0	-	×	\bigtriangleup		\bigcirc	×	0
hypochlorite	1.1 to 2.0	36 to 50	×	×	×	×	×	0	×	×	×	0	0	0	-	×	×	×	\triangle	×	0
hypochionic		51 or over	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	O	-	×	×	×	×	×	
	0.1 to 5.0	20 to 35	×	×	×	×	×	O	×	X		\square	0	\bigcirc	-	×	×		0 ^	×	
	2.1 to 5.0	36 to 50	×	×	×	×	×	$\mathbf{\nabla}$	×	×	×			DC	-	×	×	×		×	
		20 to 25	~	×	~	\sim	~	$\hat{}$	~		~				-	\sim	~	\sim	~	~	
	5.1 to 10	36 or over	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	$\left \begin{array}{c} \\ \\ \\ \end{array} \right $	0	0	-	×	×	×	×	×	
		20 to 35	×	×	X	×	×	\triangle	×	×	×	$\overline{}$	$\overline{0}$	0		×	×	X	\triangle	×	
	11 to 13	36 or over	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	ŏ	Õ	Ő	-	×	×	×	×	×	Õ



Mat	terial	evalu	ation	symbol	
-					

Comprehensively	recommer	naed O:	Appl	icable	e		nditio	onally	y app	blicat	DIE	× :	napp	licab	ie -	—: A	pplic	abilit	y unł	now	n
Eluid nomo	Concentration?/	Temperature®					Ма	in bo	dy m	ateria	al coo	de*1				Dia	phrag	gm ma	ateria	al coc	le*2
Fluid name	ooncentration1%	remperature	01	04	07	12	13	30	33	35	36	40	59	60	80	NR	CR	BG	EP	AB	TX
		20 to 35	×	×	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	\bigcirc	0	0
	0.5 or under	36 to 50	×	×	0	0	0	O	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	\bigcirc	\bigtriangleup	0
		51 to 80	×	×	0	0	0	×	×	×	×	0	0	0	-	×	×	×	0	×	0
		81 or over	×	×	0	0	0	×	×	×	×	0	0	0	-	×	×	×	×	×	0
		20 to 35	×	×	0	0	0	0	×	×	\triangle	0	0	0	-	\bigtriangleup	\triangle	\triangle	\bigcirc	×	0
Nitric acid	0.6 to 10	36 to 50	×	×	0	0	0	0	×	×	×	0	0	0	-	×	×	×	O	×	0
		51 or over	×	×	0	0	0	×	×	×	×	0	0	\triangle	-	×	×	×	×	×	0
		20 to 35	×	×	\odot	0	0	\triangle	×	×	×	0	0	0	-	×	×	×	0	×	0
	11 to 20	36 to 50	×	×	0	0	0	×	×	×	×	0	0	0	-	×	×	×	0	×	0
		51 or over	×	×	0	0	0	×	×	×	×	0	0	0	-	×	×	×	×	×	0
	21 to 70	20 to 60	×	×	0	0	0	×	×	×	×	0	0	0	-	×	×	×	×	×	0
	211070	61 or over	×	×		\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup	×	×	×	×	0	0	\bigtriangleup	-	×	×	×	×	×	0
		20 to 50	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	×	0	0	×	O	0	0	0	0	0
	5 or under	51 to 80	0	0	0	0	0	0	×	0	0	×	0	0	×	0	0	\triangle	\bigcirc	\bigtriangleup	0
		81 to 100	0	0	0	0	0	×	×	×	\bigtriangleup	×	0	0	×	×	×	×	\bigtriangleup	×	0
		20 to 50	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	×	0	0	×	\odot	0	0	0	0	0
	6 to 10	51 to 80	0	0	0	0	0	0	×	0	0	×	0	0	×	0	0		\bigcirc	\bigtriangleup	0
		81 to 100	0	0	0	0	0	×	×	×	\triangle	×	\bigcirc	0	×	×	×	×	\bigtriangleup	×	O
		20 to 50	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	×	0	0	×	O	0	0	0	0	0
	11 to 20	51 to 80	0	0	0	0	0	0	×	0	0	×	0	0	×	0	0		\bigcirc		0
Sodium hydroxide		81 to 100	0	0	0	0	0	×	×	×	\triangle	×	\bigcirc	0	×	×	×	×	\triangle	×	O
(caustic soda)		20 to 50	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	×	0	0	×	O	0	0	0	0	0
	21 to 40	51 to 80			0	0	0	0	×	0	0	×	0	0	×	\triangle			O		0
		81 to 100	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup	\triangle	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup	×	×	×	\bigtriangleup	×	0	0	×	×	×	×	\bigtriangleup	×	0
		20 to 50	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	×	0	0	×	O	0	0	0	0	0
	41 to 50	51 to 80	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup		\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup	0	×	0	0	×	0	0	×	\bigtriangleup	\triangle		0	\bigtriangleup	0
		81 to 100	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup	\triangle	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup	×	×	×	\bigtriangleup	×	0	0	×	×	×	×	\bigtriangleup	×	0
		20 to 50	\triangle	\bigtriangleup	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	×	0	0	×	\odot	\triangle	\triangle	0	×	0
	51 to 60	51 to 80	×	×		\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup	0	×	0	0	×	0	0	×	×	×	×	0	×	0
		81 to 100	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	0	0	×	×	×	×	×	×	0
Phthalic acid (alcoholic solution)	10 or under	20 to 60	\triangle	\bigtriangleup	0	0	0	\triangle	×	×	×	0	0	0	-	×	×	×	\bigtriangleup	-	0
	1 or under	20 to 60	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	0	0	-	×	×	×	×	×	0
		61 to 80	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	0	0	-	×	×	×	×	×	0
	2 to 5	20 to 60	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	0	O	-	×	×	×	×	×	0
	2105	61 to 80	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	0	0	-	×	×	×	×	×	0
Hydrofluoric acid	6 to 9	20 to 60	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	0	O	-	×	×	×	×	×	0
	0100	61 to 80	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	0	0	-	×	×	×	×	×	0
	10 to 30	20 to 60	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	0	0	-	×	×	×	×	×	0
	101000	61 or over	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	0	0	-	×	×	×	×	×	0
	30 or under	20~100	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	0	0	-	×	×	×	×	×	0
Polyaluminum chloride		20 to 80	\bigtriangleup	\bigtriangleup	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	\bigcirc	0	0	0	-	0
		20 to 60	×	×	×	×	×	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	O	0	0	×	0
	20 or under	61 to 70	×	×	×	×	×	0	\bigtriangleup			0	0	0	-	0	\circ	\triangle	\bigcirc	X	0
		71 to 90	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	0	O	0	-	×	×	×	×	×	O
		20 to 60	×	×	×	×	×	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	×	0
	21 to 50	61 to 70	×	×	×	×	×	0	×			0	0	\bigcirc	-	\triangle	0		0	×	O
Sulfuric acid		71 to 90	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	0	O	0	-	×	×	×	×	×	O
	51 to 80	20 to 70	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	0	0	O	-	×	×	×	×	×	0
	51 10 60	71 to 90	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	0	O	0	-	×	×	×	×	×	O
	81 to 97	20 to 90	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	0	\bigcirc	0	-	×	×	×	×	×	O
	98 or over	20 to 35	O	0	0	0	0	×	×	×	×	0	0	0	-	×	×	×	×	×	0
		36 or over						×	×	×	×	0	O	0	-	×	×	×	×	×	O
Fuming sulfuric acid		20	0	0	0	0	0	×	×	×	×	0	0	0	-	×	×	×	×	0	O
		20~40	×	×	×	×	×	0	\bigcirc	0	0	0	0	0	-	\bigcirc	0	0	0	0	0
	40 or under	41~60	×	×	×	×	×	0	0	0		0	0	0	-	0	0	0	0		0
		61~80	×	×	×	×	×	0	×	×	×	0	0	\bigcirc	-	\bigtriangleup			\bigcirc	\triangle	0
		20~40	×	×	×	×	×	0	\bigcirc	0	0	0	0	0	-	O	0	0	0	\triangle	0
	41 to 65	41 to 60	×	×	×	×	×	0	0	0		0	0	0	-	O	0	0	0	\bigtriangleup	0
Phosphoric acid		61 to 80	×	×	×	×	×	0	×	×	×	0	0	O	-	\triangle		\triangle	O	\triangle	0
. noophono dold		20 to 40	×	×	×	×	×	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	\bigtriangleup	0
	66 to 85	41 to 60	×	×	×	×	×	\bigcirc	0	0	\bigtriangleup	0	0	0	-	\bigcirc	0	0	0	\bigtriangleup	0
		61 to 80	×	×	×	×	×	0	×	×	×	0	0	\bigcirc	-	\triangle	\triangle	\triangle	0	×	O
		20 to 40	×	×	×	×	×	\bigcirc	0	\triangle	0	0	0	0	-	\bigcirc	0	0	0	\triangle	0
	86 to 100	41 to 60	×	×	×	×	×	0	\bigtriangleup			0	0	0	-	\bigcirc		0	0	\triangle	0
		61 to 80	×	×	×	×	×	0	×	×	×	0	0	0	-	\bigtriangleup	×	×	\bigtriangleup	×	0

*1 : See p.10 and 15. *2 : See p.11 and 15.

[Note]

• This table is applicable only for the diaphragm valve materials used by our company. The data is not applicable to composite chemical solution. For specific chemicals, contact our Sales Dept. or local representative.

• Rubber-lined bodies are not applicable to by-product hydrochloric acid (hydrochloric acid obtained as a by-product in the manufacturing process of chloromethane, chloroform, vinyl chloride, trichloroethylene and chlorobenzene). Bodies with ETFE or PFA lining are recommended.



5 Actuator Selection Table

Fluid pressure stated in the actuator selection table in this catalog represents the pressure to the primary side when no pressure is applied to the secondary side (atmospheric pressure). If the secondary side is loaded with the pressure when the valve is closed, a greater output may be required. In such a case, please contact our Business Dept.



Use the selection table in this catalog.



Contact us as correction is required.



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7 SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS



SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

Cautions for selecting the valve

- ①Products described in this catalog have respective range of application specified according to the official standards and our own standard. Customers are requested to check on your conditions for usage (fluid, pressure, temperature, etc.) before selecting an optimum product.
- ②Select the material for the main body (lining), diaphragm, bonnet, compressor, base and other depending on the fluid you are to handle. As to the materials for the main body (lining) and diaphragm, please refer to the material selection table in the catalog or contact us. Please note that certain types and sizes of bonnet, compressor, base, etc. are standard manufactured using aluminum alloy. Optionally these products are also manufactured using steel material (FC200, SCS13, etc). When handling some liquid that erodes aluminum alloy, using steel material is recommended for the sake of safety. Please discuss this matter when placing orders.
- ③When using Type 500 (Straight type), care should be taken for the following matters due to valve characteristics:
 - (1)Avoid using it in a vacuum environment.
 - (2)Avoid controlling it or using it with the opening set to intermediate level.
 - (3)Avoid using it for handling a fluid of 70°C or over continuously with the valve fully open.
 - (4)Avoid using it with the valve fully closed at a discharge side of a pump for example where high pressure or pulsation is momentarily loaded.
 - (5) Avoid using it for an abrasive fluid with the valve almost fully closed.



2 Cautions at Receiving and during Delivery

- ① Upon receipt of valves, check that the product and quantity are as ordered. Also check if the package and packing are undamaged.
- ② Certain items weigh heavy. When unloading or delivering the product, mind the safety by using an appropriate hoisting machines, etc. in conformity to Occupational Safety and Health Act or equivalent law. Never enter directly below a hoisted product package or operate the hoist from under the raised package.
- ③ If wetted, cardboard boxes may lose packing strength. In such a case, handle them with utmost care.
- (4) When handling a main body with the lining of hard rubber or glass lining or ceramic body, handle carefully and protect it from a strong impact or the lining may be damaged.

3 Cautions for Storage

- ① Users are recommended to keep the product in packed state until starting installation to the piping.
- (2) When storing the valve in unpacked condition for a period of time, always keep the protective seal (a cap) on to the face of the flange for piping.
- ③ To prevent the valve from rust or rubber and plastic material from degradation, store the valve in the following conditions:
 - (1)Keep away from the rainwater.
 - (2)Keep away from direct sunlight.
 - (3)Keep it at the ambient temperature of 60°C or lower.
 - (4)Keep away from high humidity and dusty atmosphere.



Cautions for Installation to the Piping 4

- ① Remove the protective seal (a cap) from the connecting flange face of the main body. Check the inside of the valve for any contamination or attachment of foreign matters. Also check the piping system to connect the valve to for cleanliness and any foreign matters. Apply a gas blowing or liquid flushing as may be needed. Foreign matters inside the valve if any may cause leakage when caught between the valve base of the main body and the diaphragm.
- ⁽²⁾ Provide a space around the valve necessary for overhauling. Such a space should allow to replace the diaphragm with the main body remaining connected to the piping. Particularly, when hoisting the bonnet, necessary space must be provided for the hoisting operation.
- ③ When installing the valve to the piping, prevent it from receiving abnormal tension, compression or bending stress.
- (4) In the case of a flat face flange, use a gasket that fully covers the flange face. If a soft rubber-lined body is covered with a gasket that fails to cover the flange face completely, the lining may be damaged or leakage may occur.
- (5) Use rubber gasket to the rubber-lined main body.
- (6) For connection to the piping, use the bolts of a length that makes no contact with the bonnet flange or use continuous thread studs and adjust the length of the protruding head of the stud. Tightening the bolt in contact with the bonnet flange may cause external leakage or damage the bonnet, causing the valve failure.

Particular care is required to the contact of the bonnet flange with the piping bolt when installing a valve of DN15 to 80 to the piping.

Users are recommended to use a double-end stud for the piping bolt and the nut of Style 1 (JIS B 1181), Class 1 or 2 (JIS B 1181 Attachment 1). Make adjustment to prevent contact between the bonnet flange and the piping bolts.

Adjustment position should read a position where the end face of the bolt is flush with the end face of the nut. (Select a bolt so that the fit length of the thread will be definitely at least 80% or higher of the height of the nut.)

- ⑦ When installing the value to the piping, tighten individual bolts alternately and diagonally under identical torque. Unevenly clamped bolts may cause leakage from the connecting flange face.
- (8) Products with the air vent port (manually operated valve of DN125 and over, pneumatically operated valve and electrically operated valve) should be protected from the entry of rainwater, etc. through the port.
- When connecting the valve with welded joint, always remove the bonnet including the diaphragm
 A second from the main body before welding. Reinstall the bonnet and all including the diaphragm after the temperature of the welded portions reaches the normal temperature.
- 1 Care should be given to the following points for wiring:
 - (1)Before closing the switch cover, make sure that the gasket is perfectly applied and the mating face is cleaned. Close the switch cover by tightening the mounting bolts steadily. (2)Outlet port for the outside lead wire should be made
 - rainwater-proof.
 - (3)Always keep the switch cover closed.

(4)Positively never carry on outdoor wiring work in the rain. (5)After making wire connection, always check operation.

5 **Cautions for Machine Operation**

- ① Opening/closing the valve with part of an operator's body or wear carelessly in contact with the moving parts inside or outside of the valve may lead to a serious injuries. Never touch the inside or moving parts of the valve.
- 2 When opening/closing the valve, don't operate the handwheel by hooking an auxiliary pipe or wrench on it. Or an excessive load will be applied to the valve component possibly to damage it.
- ③ When operating the handwheel to close the valve, stop the closing operation at maximum 15 to 20 degrees after sensing the valve resistance to the closing motion. Excessive tightening may cause a shorter diaphragm life. Particular care is required when han-
- dling a fluid in high temperature. ④ If the handwheel operation is felt heavier in the middle of a valve closing operation, certain foreign matters might have been caught with the valve seat. In such a case, open the valve once, let the fluid flow through, and check if the foreign matters are washed away, then start the closing opera-
- tion again. (5) If ambient temperature or fluid temperature changes greatly while the fluid is sealed inside the piping, thermal expansion of the fluid causes the pressure to change, possibly leading to external leakage or damaged diaphragm.



DIAGONALLY

ISTRUCTIONS

SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

In addition, if the valve is operated to open/close while the valves before and after the diaphragm valve are closed and the inside fully filled with the fluid, the same phenomenon may occur, for which care should be taken.

- ⁽⁶⁾ If the fluid fully inside the valve is frozen, the valve may be freeze-fractured. For application in an environment where freezing may likely happen, take anti-freeze measures by providing the piping with thermal insulation or if the valve is not in use, to extract liquid from inside the valve, etc.
- ⑦ Rubber is used for the material of diaphragm. The nuts that clamp the diaphragm may be loosened due to vibration during transportation or stress relaxation after a long period of operation. In such a case, render the diaphragm unloaded by nullifying the fluid pressure, then apply prescribed torque to tighten the nuts to the required level.

6 Cautions for the Actuators of Pneumatically, Electrically Operated Valve

- ① Protective sealing (cap) is provided to the air intake port and the electric wiring connection port. Don't remove the sealing (cap) until the connection joint is installed.
- ② Actuators are shipped factory-adjusted. Don't disassemble and reassemble them. If any adjustment is required, please contact us.
- 3 Dehumidify the air and filter it clean before leading to the value for application.
- ④ For the operating pressure and power supply, see the nameplate or the specifications of delivered product.
- 5 Protect the products with the air vent port against the entry of rainwater.

Cautions for Disassembly and Assembly

This is general information. Do not disassemble before you read necessary manual in details.

- ① When removing or disassembling the valve, ensure the following matters or you may be risking a serious hazard:
 - $\ensuremath{(1)}\xspace{The object}$ value should have been separated from other piping.
 - (2)The fluid pressure and temperature inside the piping and the valve should be atmospheric and normal.
 - (3)There remains no residual fluid inside the piping, and no fluid leakage occurs when the mounting bolts and nuts are loosened.
- O Provide maintenance work for the diaphragm and actuator periodically.
 - (1)Rubber diaphragm is screwed in. When mounting to the compressor, apply appropriate pressure to screw it in. Slightly bring it back from where it stopped to align the bolt hole positions.
 - ⁽²⁾PTFE diaphragm is of a bayonet type. To install to the compressor, push the center of a diaphragm firmly with fingertips. Ensure that the pin has fully entered the compressor before turning it 90 degrees clockwise or counterclockwise.
 - In the case of a reverse seat type diaphragm, turn it over before installation. Turning the diaphragm before the pin fully enters the compressor may damage the pin.
 - (3)When reassembling to the valve, run centering, and tighten the bolts and nuts evenly by applying prescribed torque.
 - (4)For detailed maintenance instructions, see the instruction manual or contact our Sales Dept. or local representative.



• The ISO 9001.14001 certificate was awarded





Specifications and performance figures of products contained in this catalog are based on the design calculations, in-house tests, actual records of product application, and the official standards and specifications. They are presented as the user guide on the use of product concerned under general service conditions. Users intending to use the product under a special condition are required to receive engineering advice from this company in advance or to make their own studies and evaluation to verify performance on their own responsibility. This company shall not be liable for any damages, material or human, that may arise without following this procedure. Inasmuch as full care was taken in editing this catalog, users are kindly requested to make contact with this company for any questions or discrepancies found. This catalog is subject to change without notice for the purpose of correcting error, supplementing or improving insufficient content, updating the content to the improved product performance, design change, discontinuation of product and other reasons. Revised version automatically invalidates catalogs issued prior to the current version. Check the version with our Sales Dept. or local representative before you place orders.



There are some instructions for use of diaphragm valve because of a constructional characteristic. When valve is delivered, the leaflet related to instruction on Safety is bundled. Please read this instruction thoroughly before beginning of use and handling to use your product safely and stably for a prolonged life.

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