Catalog No. DE303-03

NDV DIAPHRAGM VALVE

NIPPON DAIYA VALVE CO., LTD.

INTRODUCTION OF PRODUCTS

Weir Type Diaphragm Valve (Basic type: Type 400)

Manually Operated Diaphragm Valve: Type 400

Nominal Size(DN) : 15 – 300

Pneumatically Operated ON-OFF Diaphragm Valve: Type PO(PC, PN) 1400N

Nominal Size (DN):15–150
PO···Reverse Acting(Air to Open)
PC···Direct Acting(Air to Close)
PN···Double Acting

Pneumatically Operated ON-OFF Diaphragm Valve: Type HO(HC, HN) 1400N

Nominal Size (DN):100 – 300
HO···Reverse Acting(Air to Open)
HC···Direct Acting(Air to Close)
HN···Double Acting

●Large and high output type

Pneumatically Operated Flow Control Diaphragm Valve (1): Type 3400 [Rolling diaphragm type]

Nominal Size (DN):15–150
BO···Reverse Acting(Air to Open)
BC···Direct Acting(Air to Close)

Pneumatically Operated Flow Control Diaphragm Valve (2): Type HN3400N [Cylinder type]

Nominal Size (DN):150 – 300
HN···Double Acting

●Large and high output type

Electrically Operated Diaphragm Valve (1): Type MS4400

Nominal Size (DN): 25 – 300

Electrically Operated Diaphragm Valve (2): Type NR4400

Nominal Size (DN): 15 – 80

Photos in this catalog represent images of valves. Actual appearance may differ by specifications.

Straight Type Diaphragm Valve (Basic type: Type 500)

Manually Operated Diaphragm Valve: Type 500

Nominal Size (DN): 15 – 300

Pneumatically Operated ON-OFF Diaphragm Valve: Type PO(PN) 1500N

Nominal Size (DN): 15 –100
PO···Reverse Acting(Air to Open)
PN···Double Acting

Pneumatically Operated ON-OFF Diaphragm Valve: Type HOT (HN) 1500N

Nominal Size (DN): 125 – 300
HOT···Reverse Acting(Air to Open)
HN···Double Acting

●Large and high output type

Electrically Operated Diaphragm Valve (1): Type MS4500

Nominal Size (DN): 25 – 300

Electrically Operated Diaphragm Valve (2): Type NR4500

Nominal Size (DN): 15 – 50

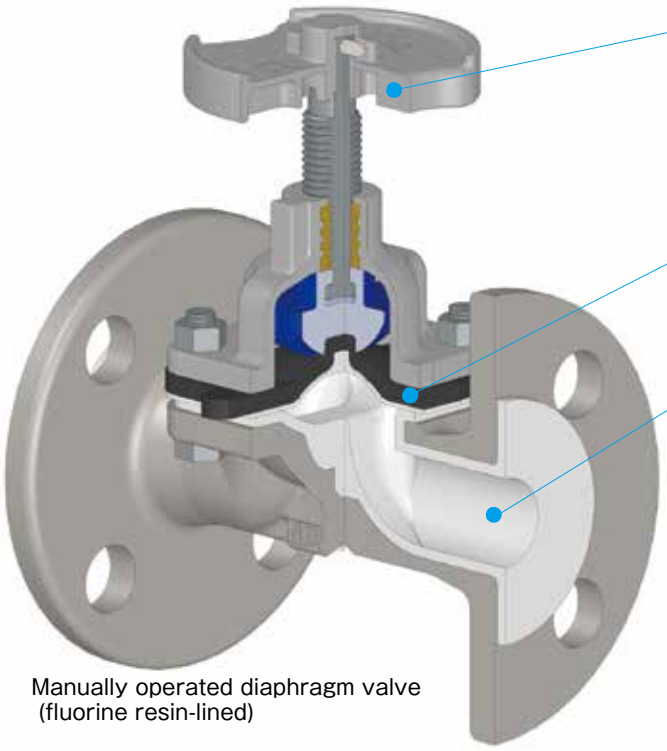
For the product specifications and details, contact our Sales Dept. or local representative.

OVERVIEW OF DIAPHRAGM VALVES

① Basic Structure and Mechanism of Diaphragm Valves

- Diaphragm valve generally refers to a valve having a diaphragm of rubber or other flexible material that opens or closes the fluid passage.
- The following diagram shows the basic structure of diaphragm valve that consists of three units, actuator, diaphragm and the body. The valve controls the liquid flow by pressing or depressing the diaphragm to or from the sealing surface on the inside of the body.
- Diaphragm valves are roughly categorized to two types; Weir type (Type 400) and Straight type (Type 500), but both types share the same basic structure.

Basic unit structure



Manually operated diaphragm valve (fluorine resin-lined)

Actuator

Mainly categorized into the manually operated type, pneumatically operated type, flow control type(*) and electrically operated type.

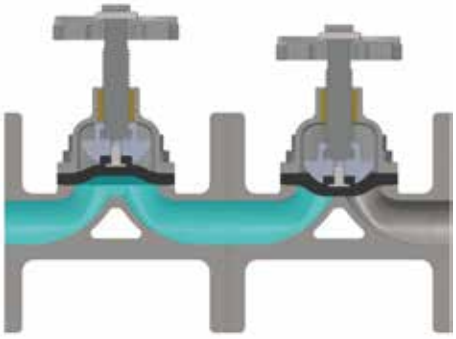
Diaphragm

Rubber, fluorine resin(*) and other material are available according to application(**).

Body

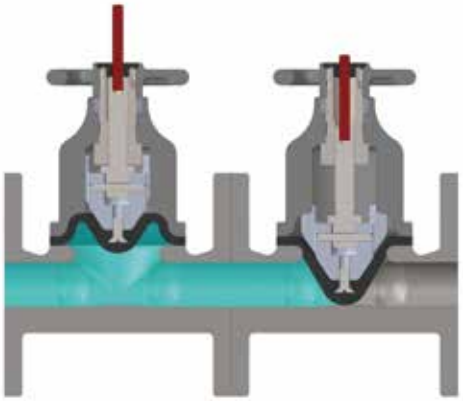
Metal with or without lining is available in rich selection for a body.
Connection method available includes welded type and screw type in addition to the flange type(**).
(*) For weir type diaphragm valve only.
(**) For details, see p.10 and p.15

Weir type diaphragm valve: Type 400



- Basic structure of diaphragm valve having a weir at the fluid passage. The diaphragm and weir of the body are tightly closed for airtightness to achieve high valve seat sealing performance.
- Rich selection is available for the main body and diaphragm material to apply to a wide scope of fluid.
- Used for : Chemical, environment and water treatment, iron and steel, shipbuilding, medical, food, semiconductor, power generation, etc.

Straight type diaphragm valve: Type 500

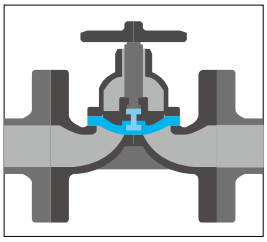


- The fluid passage is straight, which minimizes pressure drop and/or fluid accumulation.
- Applicable to viscose fluid, cellulose fluid, slurry, sledge and other fluids containing suspended solids.
- Used for : Water purifying plants, terminal treatment plant, etc.

② Features of Diaphragm Valves

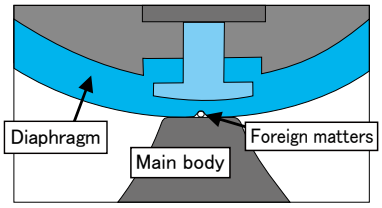
❶Superb airtightness

・Actuator is isolated by the diaphragm. This prevents fluid leakage to outside or contamination of fluid by outside air.



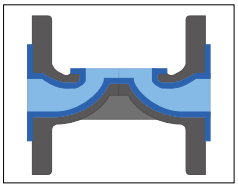
❷Zero leak from valve seat

・Controlled by flexible diaphragm, no fluid leaks from the valve seat.
・In the case of rubber diaphragm, complete closing is available, even if some foreign matters are bitten into diaphragm due to its flexibility.



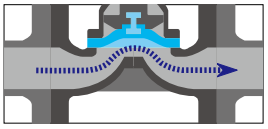
❸Superb corrosion and chemical resistance

・Simple body shape is suitable for the lining proess.
・Combination of rich selection of diaphragm material and various lining bodies such as rubber and fluorine resin allows manufacture of valves applicable to a wide span of fluid specifications, which is more efficient costwise than special alloy combination.



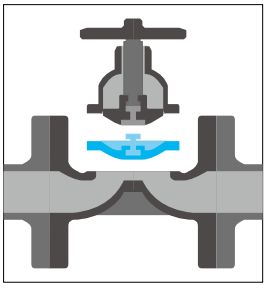
❹Good self-purifying performance

・Streamlined fluid passage without pockets provides self-purifying performance by minimizing fluid retention.



❺Superb maintainability

・Simple design of three parts. Actuator, Diaphragm and the Body makes it easy to disassemble/assemble the valve.
・Top entry structure adopted enables to change diaphragm by simply removing the nuts and bolts that joint the main body and the bonnet without disconnecting the valve from the piping.
・Each unit is interchangeable, enabling a system change with ease from manual to automatic operation.



❻Environment-friendly types

・Simple 3-unit construction of the Actuator, Diaphragm and the Body requires less number of parts than other valve types, saving consumable parts.

Environment-friendly type paint and lubricant free from hazardous heavy metal are used. (RoHS compliance)

Actuator for the pneumatically operated diaphragm valve is improved to have much higher durability, extending the replacement cycle for expendable parts.

Chloroprene diaphragm is lead-free.

Improved actuator for the pneumatically operated diaphragm valve has reduced air consumption. (Approx. 20% in average from the conventional products of ours.)

Solenoid valve to the pneumatically operated actuator can be installed directly without pneumatic piping, thus reducing material usage.

Type POM1400N

LIST OF DIAPHRAGM VALVES

Specifications			Weir type diaphragm valve (Type 400)										Straight type diaphragm valve (Type 500)				
			Manually operated type	Pneumatically operated type ON-OFF diaphragm valve					Pneumatically operated flow control diaphragm valve			Electrically operated type	Manually operated type	Pneumatically operated ON-OFF diaphragm valve			Electrically operated type
				①Type PO(PC, PN) 1400N			②Type HO(HO, HN) 1400N			①[Rolling diaphragm type]		②[Cylinder type]		①Type PO(PN) 1500N		②Type HO(HN) 1500N	
				Reverse Acting	Direct Acting	Double Acting	Reverse Acting	Direct Acting	Double Acting	Reverse Acting	Direct Acting	Double Acting		Reverse Acting	Double Acting	Reverse Acting	Double Acting	
Material (Base material)		Valve type / Material code	Type 400	Type PO1400N	Type PC1400N	Type PN1400N	Type HO1400N	Type HC1400N	Type HN1400N	Type BO3400	Type BC3400	Type HN3400N	Type 4400	Type 500	Type PO1500N	Type PN1500N	Type HOT1500N	Type HN1500N	Type 4500
Main body material and range of applicable nominal size (DN)	Gray cast iron	FC200	01	15-300	15-150			100-250	150	125-300	15-150		150-300	15-300	15-300	15-100		125-150	125-300	15-300
	Ductile cast iron	FCD-S	04	15-300	15-150			100-250	150	125-300	15-150		150-300	15-300	15-300	15-100		125-150	125-300	15-300
	Stainless steel	SCS13	07(2)/07	15-300	15-150			100-250	150	125-300	15-150		150-300	15-300	15-300	15-100		125-150	125-300	15-300
		SCS14	12(2)/12	15-300	15-150			100-250	150	125-300	15-150		150-300	15-300	15-300	15-100		125-150	125-300	15-300
		SCS16	13(2)/13	15-300	15-150			100-250	150	125-300	15-150		150-300	15-300	15-300	15-100		125-150	125-300	15-300
	Dissolved zinc plated	HDZ55(FC200)	71	15-300	15-150			100-200	150	125-300	15-150		150-300	15-300	15-300	15-100		125-150	125-300	15-300
	Hard natural rubber lined	(FC200)	30	15-300	15-150			100-250	150	125-300	15-150		150-300	15-300	15-300	15-100		125-150	125-300	15-300
	Soft natural rubber lined	(FC200)	33	15-300	15-150			100-250	150	125-300	15-150		150-300	15-300	15-300	15-100		125-150	125-300	15-300
	Chloroprene rubber lined	(FC200)	35	15-300	15-150			100-250	150	125-300	15-150		150-300	15-300	15-300	15-100		125-150	125-300	15-300
	Butyl rubber lined	(FC200)	36	15-300	1-150			100-250	150	125-300	15-150		150-300	15-300	15-300	15-100		125-150	125-300	15-300
	Polyethylene lined	(FC200)	50	20-200	20-150			100-200	150	125-200	20-150		150-200	20-200	–	–		–		–
	PFA lined	(FCD-S)	59(M)	15-250	15-150			100-250	150	125-250	15-150		150-250	15-250	–	–		–		–
		(SCS13)	59(2S)/59(S)	15-80	15-80			–	–	–	15-80		–	15-80	–	–		–		–
	ETFE lined	(FCD-S)	60	15-100	15-100			100	–	–	15-100		–	15-100	–	–		–		–
	Glass lined	(FCD-S)	40(04)	15-200	15-150			125-200	150	125-200	15-150		150-200	15-200	–	–		–		–
	Ceramic lined	(FCD-S)	80(04)	15-80	15-80			–	–	–	15-80		–	15-80	–	–		–		–
Diaphragm material and range of applicable nominal size (DN)	Natural rubber	NR+BR	NR	15-300	15-150			100-250	150	125-300	15-150		150-300	15-300	15-300	15-100		125-150	125-300	15-300
	Chloroprene rubber	CR	CR	15-300	15-150			100-250	150	125-300	15-150		150-300	15-300	15-300	15-100		125-150	125-300	15-300
	Butyl rubber	IIR	BG	15-300	15-150			100-250	150	125-300	15-150		150-300	15-300	15-300	15-100		125-150	125-300	15-300
	Nitrile rubber	NBR	AB	15-300	15-150			100-250	150	125-300	15-150		150-300	15-300	15-300	15-100		125-150	125-300	15-300
	EPDM	EPDM	EP	15-300	15-150			100-250	150	125-300	15-150		150-300	15-300	15-300	15-100		125-150	125-300	15-300
	NEW PTFE/EPDM	NEW PTFE/EPDM	TX/CE	15-100	15-100			100	–	–	15-100		–	15-100	–	–		–		–
	NEW PTFE/EPDM+α	NEW PTFE/EPDM+α	TX/CX	15-100	15-100			100	–	–	15-100		–	15-100	–	–		–		–
	PTFE/EPDM	PTFE/EPDM	TF/CE	125-250	125-150			125-250	150	125-250	125-150		150-250	125-250	–	–		–		–
	PTFE/EPDM+α	PTFE/EPDM+α	TF/CX	125-200	125-150			125-250	150	125-200	125-150		150-200	125-200	–	–		–		–

· This table outlines the standard manufacturing range of the flanged type body.
· For other material and/or nominal size, contact our Sales Dept. or local representative.

4

ELECTRICALLY OPERATED DIAPHRAGM VALVE

4-1. Specifications of Electrically Operated Valve

① MS type: Seibu Electric & Machinery Model
② NR type: Nihon KOSO Model

4-2. Weir Type Diaphragm Valve: Type MS(NR)4400

① Actuator selection table
② Principal dimensions

4-3. Straight Type Diaphragm Valve: Type MS(NR)4500

① Actuator selection table
② Principal dimensions

4 1. Specifications of Electrically Operated Valve

① MS type: Seibu Electric & Machinery Model

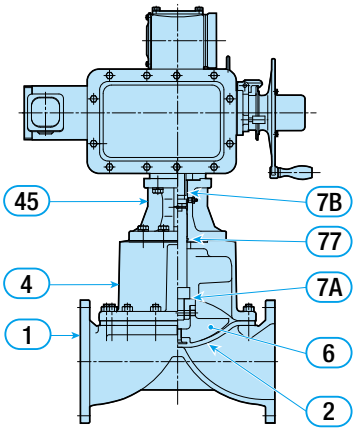
Features

①Widely used by the govenment office for water treatment facilities and for power plants.
②Manual return type is the standard for safety purpose.
③Rich selection of accessories (motor with the brake, electric positioner, etc.)
④Control valve is also available in addition to the ON-OFF valve.

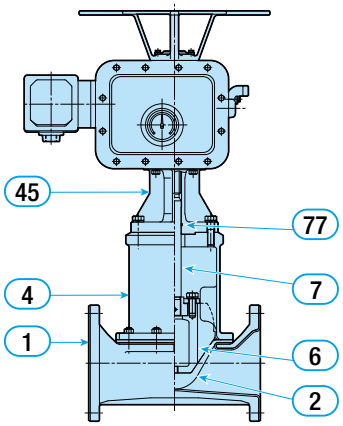
Standard Specifications

Valve type		Types MS4400 (Weir type), MS4500 (Straight type):
Power supply	Motive power	3-phase AC power supply, 200/220 VAC, 400/440 VAC, 50/60Hz
	Operation	Single-phase AC power supply, 100/110 VAC, 200/220 VAC, 50/60Hz
Motor	Structure	Flange type fully closed outdoor type(MRS is a built-in type fully closed outdoor type.)
	Number of pole	4 poles
	Brake	None
	Insulation	Type B(MRS), Type E(MAS-MFS)
	Rating	15 min
Operating machine	Structure	Outdoor type (IP55)
	Selection system	Manual return system with selection lever
Switch	Position switch	Contact configuration: 1a1b contact (each one provided to OPEN and CLOSE sides)
	Torque switch	Contact configuration: 1c contact (each one provided to OPEN and CLOSE sides)
	Interlock switch	Contact configuration: 1c contact
Accessory	Space heater	With 30 W (10 W for MRS type)
	Opening indicator	0 ⇔ 100% indication
Standard exterior painting color		Silver (environment-friendly type)
Optional		Special power supply, motor with the brake, automatic return system, explosionproof type, various types of transmitters, etc. can be arranged.

Structure and Materials for Major Parts



Type MS4400

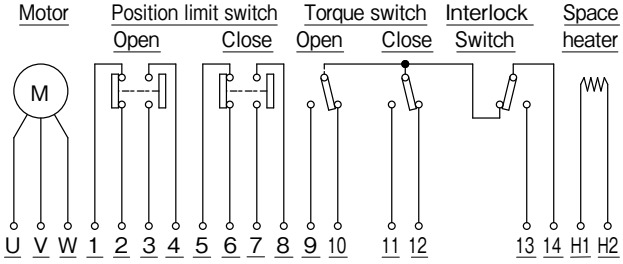


Type MS4500

Part No.	Part No.	Material
1	Main body	
2	Diaphragm	
4	Bonnet	FC200
6	Compressor	Note (1) FC200
7	Spindle	SUS304
7A	Spindle A	SUS304
7B	Spindle B	SS400
45	Yoke	FC200
77	O-ring	NBR

Note (1) Nominal size DN25-100 for Type 4400 is SCS13.)

Internal Connection Diagram (For reference)



1and2	OFF when fully open
4and3	ON when fully open
5and6	OFF when fully closed
8and7	ON when fully closed
9and14	ON with overtorque in OPEN direction
10and14	OFF with overtorque in OPEN direction or with manual operation
11and14	ON with overtorque in CLOSE direction
12and14	OFF with overtorque in CLOSE direction or with manual operation
13and14	ON with manual operation
H1,H2	Space heater terminals
U,V,W	Motor terminals

Limitorque (Nippon Gear), Rotork (Shimadzu) and other electrically operated machines are installable in addition to MS type and NR type above. For the details, contact our Sales Dept. or local representative.

② NR type: Nihon KOSO Model

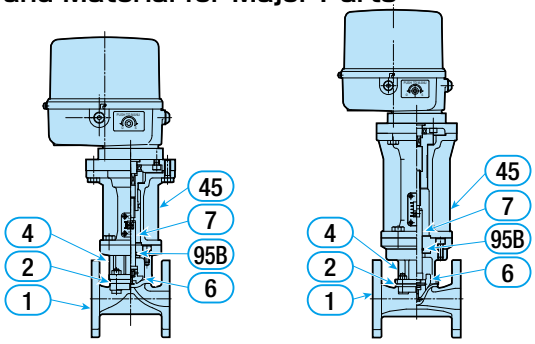
Features

①Compact motor-operated machine for small bore valve.
②Operable with a single-phase power supply
③Economical as it consumes only little power compared with MS type.
④Valve open-close operation with a single select switch.
⑤Control valve is also available in addition to the ON-OFF valve.

Standard Specifications

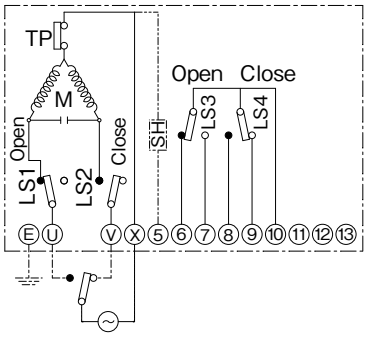
Valve type		Types NR4400 (Weir type), NR4500 (Straight type)
Power supply		Single-phase AC power supply, 100/110 VAC, 200/220 VAC, 50/60Hz
Motor	Structure	Reversible motor (with thermal protector)
	Number of pole	4 poles
	Brake	With permanent brake
	Insulation	Type E
	Rating	30 min
Operating machine	Structure	Outdoor type (IP55)
	Selection system	Manual spindle pushing
Switch	Position switch	Contact configuration: 1b contact (each one provided to OPEN and CLOSE sides)
	Auxiliary switch	Contact configuration: 1c contact (two provided)
	Torque switch	None
	Interlock switch	None
Accessory	Opening indicator	O(OPEN) ⇔S (SHUT) indication
Standard exterior painting color		Metallic blue *Any special paint is not applicable.
Optional		Space heater, electric-electric positioner, separate terminal box

Structure and Material for Major Parts



Part No.	Name	Material
1	Main body	
2	Diaphragm	
4	Bonnet	FC200
6	Compressor	SCS13
7	Spindle	SUS304
45	Yoke	FC200
95B	O-ring	NBR

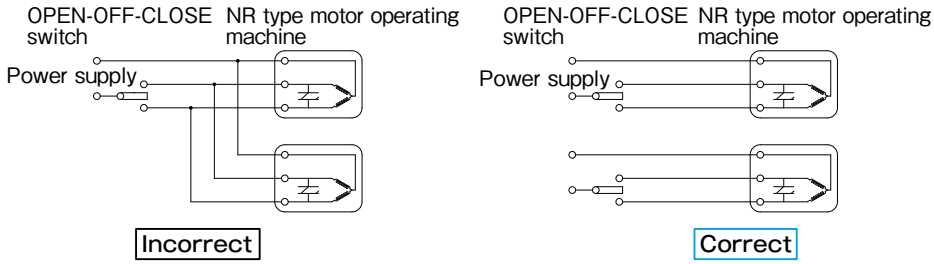
Internal Connection Diagram



U-X	Turn to CCW direction (OPEN direction)
V-X	Turn to CW direction (CLOSE direction)
7-10	ON at hinged end of CCW (fully open position)
9-10	ON at hinged end of CW (fully closed position)
TP	Thermal protector
SH	Space heater (optional)
LS3,LS4	Limit switch can be set for activation at an arbitrary position.

Turning direction is as viewed from the top of the operating machine. The diagram shows a hinged end at CW (fully closed position.)

If the 2 units of electric operating machines are simultaneously operated with the wiring as shown in the lower left-hand corner, a detour circuit is established through the capacitor leading to abnormal operation. Always arrange for the operating switches separately as shown to the right.



4 2. Weir Type Diaphragm Valve: Type MS(NR)4400

① Actuator selection table

Type MS4400 selection table

Diaphragm type			Rubber diaphragm		PTFE diaphragm	
Power supply frequency			50Hz	60Hz	50Hz	60Hz
Nominal Size DN	Actuator Type	Actuator Output (kW)	Fluid pressure (MPa) 0.1 0.2 0.3 0.4 0.5 0.6 0.7 0.8 0.9 1.0	Fluid pressure (MPa) 0.1 0.2 0.3 0.4 0.5 0.6 0.7 0.8 0.9 1.0	Fluid pressure (MPa) 0.1 0.2 0.3 0.4 0.5 0.6 0.7 0.8 0.9 1.0	Fluid pressure (MPa) 0.1 0.2 0.3 0.4 0.5 0.6 0.7 0.8 0.9 1.0
25	MRS	0.1				
	MAS	0.2				
40	MRS	0.1				
	MAS	0.2				
50	MRS	0.1				
	MAS	0.2				
65	MRS	0.1				
	MAS	0.2				
80	MRS	0.1				
	MAS	0.2				
100	MRS	0.1				
	MAS	0.2				
125	MRS	0.1				
	MAS	0.2				
150	MRS	0.1				
	MAS	0.2				
	MBS	0.4				
		0.75				
200	MAS	0.2				
	MBS	0.4				
	MCS	0.75				
		1.5				
250	MBS	0.4				
		0.75				
	MCS	1.5				
300	MBS	0.4				
		0.75				
	MCS	1.5				
	MDS	2.2				

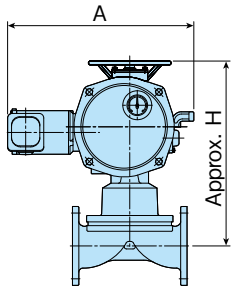
Type NR4400 selection table

Diaphragm type			Rubber diaphragm	PTFE diaphragm
Power supply frequency			50／60Hz	50／60Hz
Nominal Size DN	Actuator Type	Actuator Output (W)	Fluid pressure (MPa) 0.1 0.2 0.3 0.4 0.5 0.6 0.7 0.8 0.9 1.0	Fluid pressure (MPa) 0.1 0.2 0.3 0.4 0.5 0.6 0.7 0.8 0.9 1.0
15	NRA	20		
20	NRB			
25	NRC			
40	NRD			
50	NRE			
65	NRF			
80	NRF			

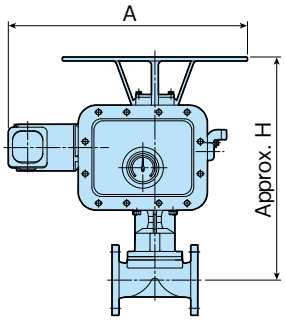
Actuator selection table in this catalog represents the case where the pressure to the secondary side is atmospheric when the valve is fully closed. See 6. Reference Material for more detail.

② Principal dimensions

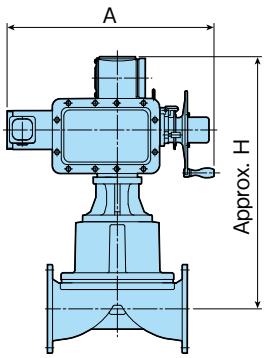
Type MS4400 principal dimensions



Type MRS



Type MAS/MBS



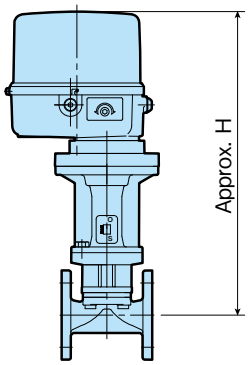
Type MCS/MFS

Nominal Size DN	Actuator Type	Actuator Output (kW)	Principal dimensions (mm) Face-to-face: Other than rubber-lined	Face-to-face: Rubber lined	A	Approx. H	Stroke (mm) ON-OFF valve	Stroke (mm) Control valve	Operating time (sec) 50Hz ON-OFF valve	50Hz Control valve	60Hz ON-OFF valve	60Hz Control valve	Mass approx. (kg)
25	MRS	0.1	127	132	430	390	10	–	12	–	9	–	52
		0.2											
	MAS				587	475							69
40	MRS	0.1	159	165	430	400	18	14	22	–	17	–	55
		0.2											
	MAS				587	485			21	26	16	22	72
50	MRS	0.1	191	197	430	435	25	20	21	–	18	–	58
		0.2											
	MAS				587	520			20	28	17	24	75
65	MRS	0.1	216	222	430	455	30	24	25	–	21	–	64
		0.2											
	MAS				587	540			24	34	20	28	81
80	MRS	0.1	254	260	430	465	35	30	24	–	20	–	69
		0.2											
	MAS				587	550			23	34	19	28	86
100	MRS	0.1	305	313	430	500	50	40	34	–	28	–	82
		0.2											
	MAS				587	605			32	45	27	38	99
125	MRS	0.1	356	364	430	540	65	50	44	–	36	–	95
		0.2											
	MAS				587	645			42	57	35	47	112
150	MRS	0.1	406	414	430	595	70	60	47	–	39	–	123
		0.2											
	MAS				587	700			45	68	38	57	140
	MBS	0.4			600	740			38	57	32	48	170
		0.75			625				–	–	28	32	180
200	MAS	0.2	521	529	587	870	110	85	71	96	59	80	210
	MBS	0.4			600	905			59	81	50	67	240
		0.75			625				53	55	44	46	250
	MCS				800	955			62	60	–	–	290
		1.5			837				–	–	33	34	295
250	MBS	0.4	635	645	600	985	130	95	70	90	59	75	325
		0.75			625				63	61	52	51	335
	MCS	1.5			837	1030			47	45	39	38	380
300	MBS	0.4	749	759	600	1140	160	115	86	110	72	91	440
		0.75			625				–	–	65	62	450
	MCS	1.5			837	1180			57	55	47	46	495
	MDS	2.2			950	1250			65	79	55	66	575

Remarks: Dimension A and mass are for a motor without the brake.

Type NR4400 principal dimensions

Nominal Size DN	Actuator Type	Actuator Output (W)	Principal dimensions (mm) Face-to-face: Other than rubber-lined	Face-to-face: Rubber lined	Approx. H	Stroke (mm) ON-OFF valve	Operating time (sec) 50Hz ON-OFF valve	60Hz ON-OFF valve	Mass approx. (kg)
15	NRA	20	102	107	436	6	11	9	16
20	NRB		118	123	440	8	15	12	16
25	NRC		127	132	444	10	12	10	17
40	NRD		159	165	457	14	17	15	19
50	NRE		191	197	508	20	39	32	23
65	NRF		216	222	531	24	47	39	28
80	NRF		254	260	542	30	47	39	34



4 3. Straight Type Diaphragm Valve: Type MS(NR)4500

① Actuator selection table

●Type MS4500 selection table

Power supply frequency			50Hz							60Hz						
Nominal Size DN	Actuator Type	Actuator Output (kW)	Fluid pressure (MPa) 0.1	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.7	Fluid pressure (MPa) 0.1	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.7
25	MRS	0.1	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■
	MAS	0.2	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■
40	MRS	0.1	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■
	MAS	0.2	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■
50	MRS	0.1	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■
	MAS	0.2	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■
65	MRS	0.1	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■
	MAS	0.2	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■
80	MRS	0.1	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	
	MAS	0.2	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■
100	MRS	0.1	■	■	■	■				■	■	■				
	MAS	0.2	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■
125	MRS	0.1	■	■												
	MAS	0.2	■	■	■	■	■	■		■	■	■	■	■	■	
150	MRS	0.2	■	■	■	■				■	■	■	■			
	MAS		■	■	■	■				■	■	■	■			
200	MBS	0.75	■	■	■					■	■	■				
	MCS		■	■	■	■				■	■	■	■			
250	MCS	0.75	■							■						
		1.5	■	■	■	■				■	■	■	■			
300	MCS	1.5	■	■						■	■					
	MDS		■	■	■	■				■	■	■	■			

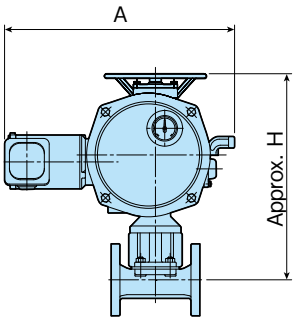
●Type NR4500 selection table

Nominal Size DN	Actuator Type	Actuator Output (W)	Fluid pressure (MPa) 0.1	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.7
15	NRG	20	■	■	■	■	■	■	■
20	NRG		■	■	■	■	■	■	■
25	NRH		■	■	■	■	■	■	
40	NRH		■	■	■	■	■	■	
50	NRJ		■	■	■	■			

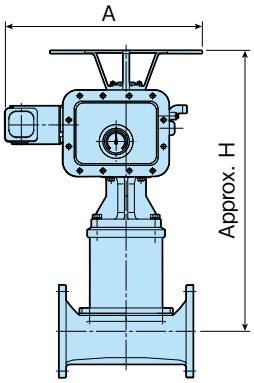
Actuator selection table in this catalog represents the case where the pressure to the secondary side is atmospheric when the valve is fully closed. See 6. Reference Material for more detail.

② Principal dimensions

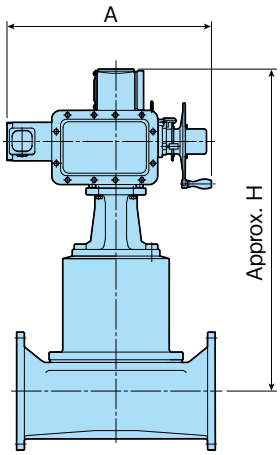
Type MS4500 principal dimensions



Type MRS



Type MAS/MBS



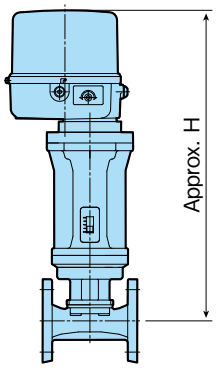
Type MCS/MFS

Nominal Size DN	Actuator		Principal dimensions (mm)				Stroke (mm)	Operating time (sec)		Mass approx. (kg)
	Type	Output (kW)	Face-to-face		A	Approx. H		50Hz	60Hz	
			Other than rubber-lined	Rubber -lined			ON-OFF valve	ON-OFF valve	ON-OFF valve	
25	MRS	0.1	127	132	430	440	25	28	23	53
		0.2								
	MAS				587	545		27	22	70
40	MRS	0.1	159	165	430	440	25	28	23	55
		0.2								
	MAS				587	545		27	22	72
50	MRS	0.1	191	197	430	450	30	25	21	59
		0.2								
	MAS				587	555		24	20	76
65	MRS	0.1	216	222	430	475	35	29	25	64
		0.2								
	MAS				587	580		28	24	81
80	MRS	0.1	254	260	430	520	50	34	28	73
		0.2								
	MAS				587	625		32	27	90
100	MRS	0.1	305	313	430	545	50	34	28	83
		0.2								
	MAS				587	670		32	27	100
125	MRS	0.1	356	364	430	640	70	47	41	98
		0.2							39	
	MAS				587	765		45	38	115
150	MRS	0.2	406	414	430	730	110	74	62	118
	MAS				587	855		71	59	135
200	MBS	0.75	521	529	625	860	110	53	44	225
	MCS				800	960		83	69	270
250	MCS	0.75	635	645	800	1160	160	90	75	325
		1.5			837			57	48	330
300	MCS	1.5	749	759	837	1195	190	68	57	535
	MDS				934	1260		78	65	575

Remarks: Dimension A and mass are for a motor without the brake.

Type NR4500 principal dimensions

Nominal Size DN	Actuator		Principal dimensions (mm)			Stroke (mm)	Operating time (sec)		Mass approx. (kg)
	Type	Output (W)	Face-to-face		Approx. H		50Hz	60Hz	
			Other than rubber-lined	Rubber -lined		ON-OFF valve	ON-OFF valve	ON-OFF valve	
15	NRG	20	102	107	446	10	19	16	16
20	NRG		118	123	446	10	19	16	16
25	NRH		127	132	533	25	31	25	20
40	NRH		159	165	533	25	31	25	22
50	NRJ		191	197	544	30	58	48	27



MEMO

5

INTRODUCTION OF RELATED PRODUCTS

5 INTRODUCTION OF RELATED PRODUCTS

① Gauge Valve type: Type 400G

- Liquid level inspection valve using the structure and features of weir type diaphragm valve.
- Main body made of lining material (hard natural rubber, glass, etc.) is corrosive liquid resistant.
- Applicable nominal size: DN20

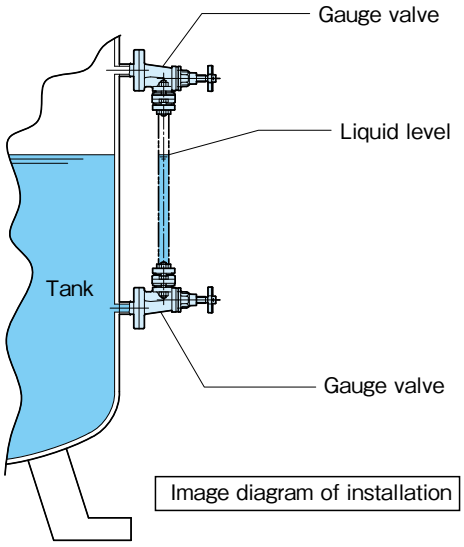


Image diagram of installation

② Rubber-lined Check Valve

- Check valve with rubber lining material is manufactured using technology for rubber lining processing.
- Sealing system for DN15 – 80 is a ball type valve body and DN100 and 150 a swing type valve body.
- This valve is exclusively for a vertical piping. (Swing type valve body is applicable to level installation as well.)

③ Bioclean Diaphragm Valve series

- Valves of optimal sanitary specifications are available for the production lines of pharmaceutical, cosmetic, food, semiconductor and other industries.
  Bioclean Diaphragm Valve series most utilize the advantages of diaphragm valve structure that “contaminates no fluid and provides superb self-purifying performance.”
- For more details, please refer to our Sanitary-related Valve Product Guide.

Order made system available to develop products meet customers' need;
Inquire us for other options for actuators, special shaped body, special material products, etc.

6

REFERENCE MATERIALS

① Flange dimensions:Basic dimensions and standard face-to-face dimensions for JIS 10K flange

② Special specifications: Nameplate, Painting, Photography and Witness inspection

③ How to read the product code number

④ Material selection table

⑤ Actuator selection table

6 REFERENCE MATERIALS

① Flange dimensions: Basic dimensions and standard face-to-face dimensions for JIS 10K flange

Unit: mm

Nominal Size DN	Outside Size D	Thickness t			Bolt hole			Bolt nomination	Raised face (RF)		Standard face-to-face dimension		
											Flange type		Screwed type
		FC	Other than FC	Rubber-lined, resin-lined	Diameter C of center circle	Quantity	Diameter h		g	f	Other than rubber-lined, resin-lined	Rubber-lined, resin-lined	
10	90	13	10	3	65	4	15	M12	46	1	102	107	—
15	95	13	10	3	70	4	15	M12	51	1	102	107	64
20	100	13	10	3	75	4	15	M12	56	1	118	123	93
25	125	13	10	3	90	4	19	M16	67	1	127	132	108
32	135	16	13	3	100	4	19	M16	76	2	159	165	—
40	140	16	13	3	105	4	19	M16	81	2	159	165	140
50	155	19	14	3	120	4	19	M16	96	2	191	197	165
65	175	19	14	3	140	4	19	M16	116	2	216	222	203
80	185	19	14	3	150	8	19	M16	126	2	254	260	254
100	210	22	17	4	175	8	19	M16	151	2	305	313	—
125	250	22	17	4	210	8	23	M20	182	2	356	364	—
150	280	22	17	4	240	8	23	M20	212	2	406	414	—
200	330	25	19	4	290	12	23	M20	262	2	521	529	—
250	400	25	19	5	355	12	25	M22	324	2	635	645	—
300	445	29	22	5	400	16	25	M22	368	3	749	759	—

Flange type

1. **Flange standard:**
   The above standard comply with JIS B2220 (steel pipe flange with nominal pressure of 10K). The flange thickness t shall comply with BS10 Part 2-TABLE D (British Standard Class D).
2. **The flange thickness t shall be classified as follows:**
   FC: Gray casting, ductile steel casting
   Other than FC: Steel casting, stainless steel casting, and bronze casting
3. **Packing face:**
   Standard face shall be flat face. The above table shall apply to stainless steel casting, particularly when raised face is specified. The standard of this company shall apply to ETFE-, PFA-, and glass-lined material for the main body that constitute a raised face from their manufacturing method.
4. **Other Standers:**
   We also manufacture flanges under other standards such as ANSI Class 125/150. Standards of Japan Water Works Association, DIN PN10/16. The thickness of flanges shall be all as per above-mentioned table.(Depending on body materials, either of ANSI Standard Class 125 or 150 is applied, but the both flange bolt hole pattern is same.)
5. **Face-to-face dimension:**
   Complies with ISO 5752.
6. **Bolt and nut:**
   Because of narrow space for the hexagon piping nut on the back of the flange of nominal size DN15 – 80, use of continuous-thread stud and hexagonal nut of JIS Standard (8-slit nut) is recommended.

② Special specifications: Nameplate, Painting, Photography and Witness inspection

1. **Nameplate:**
   Nameplates indicating the valve name and other special naming are available by option.
2. **Painting:**
   Standard painting shall be as follows:
   Manually operated valves: Rust resistant paint (Gray) without top coating
   Automatically operated valves (pneumatic and electric): Rust resistant paint and silver top paint
   For special coating, please specify details for separate estimate.
3. **Photography:**
   Photography is available by option.
4. **Witness inspection:**
   Witness inspection by inspection agency is option.

③ How to read the product code number

●Basic system for product code number

P	O	S	T	1	4	3	0	(04)	N *	–	EP	–	1	0	0	–	20	–	J10KFF
①		②		③	④	⑤		⑥			⑦		⑧				⑨		⑩
Operating system		Ancillary device		Operating section	Valve type	Material of main body		Special body/lining base material			Material of diaphragm		Nominal size				Actuator code		Connection standard

①Operating system

Manually operated valve	None	Standard handwheel type
	G	Gear operated type
	QL	Quick open-close type
Pneumatically operated valve	PO(HO)	ON-OFF valve, reverse acting type
	PC(HC)	ON-OFF valve, direct acting type
	PN(HN)	ON-OFF valve, double acting type
	BO	Rolling diaphragm type control valve, reverse acting type
	BC	Rolling diaphragm type control valve, direct acting type
Electrically operated valve	MRS	MS type actuator (Manufactured by Seibu Denki)
	M#S	
	NR#	NR type actuator (Manufactured by Nihon Koso)

②Ancillary device

None	Standard actuator
L	With the lock nut
S	With the opening indicator
M	With a limit switch/exclusive limit switch box
SH	With the manual opening device: for Types PO1400N(1500N)
ST	With the opening limit device: for Types PO(PC, PN)1400N(1500N)
SL	With the manual opening + opening limit device: for Types PO1400N(1500N)
T	With the opening limit device: for Types HO(HC, HN)1400N(1500N)
TH	With the manual opening + opening limit device: for Types HO1400N(1500N)
H	With the manual operated device: for Types BO(BC)3400

③Operating section

None	Manually operated valve
1	Pneumatically operated type ON-OFF valve
3	Pneumatically operated type flow control valve
4	Electrically operated valve

④Valve type

4	Weir type diaphragm valve: Type 400
5	Straight type diaphragm valve: Type 400

⑤Material of main body···See p10 and p15

⑥Special body/lining base material

None	Standard two-face body
L	Angle type
S,04 etc.	Lining base material:⑤Dependent on a main body material code

(Also depend on requested material and type.)

⑦Diaphragm material··· See p.11 and 15.

⑧Nominal size: (DN or A)
Compliant with ISO 6708 and JIS B 2001.

⑨Actuator code : Compliant with respective selection tables. (In the case of an electrically operated valve, our 8-digit code number will be given according to requested valve specifications.)

⑩Connection standard

J10KFF	JIS 10KFF
J10KRF	JIS 10KRF
A125FF	ANSI CL125FF
A150RF	ANSI CL150RF
PT	Tapered screw for the piping
JT	General TIG welded joint
SW	Insert welded type

(Other standard may be arranged as requested.)

*Improved product ID code (To be determined at the time of valve selection. Requires no selection by customer.)

None	First time
N	First improvement
NB	Second improvement
NC	Third improvement

[Notation example]

・Example for a manually operated valve

	S		4	0	1	( )	NB *	–	CR	–	0	2	5	–		–	J10KFF
①	②	③	④	⑤		⑥			⑦		⑧				⑨		⑩

Standard handwheel type: None
With the opening indicator
Manually operated valve: None
Weir type diaphragm valve
Main body: FC200
Base material : None
Diaphragm: Chloroprene
Nominal size: DN25
Actuator code : None
JIS 10KFF

・Example for a pneumatically operated ON-OFF valve

P	O	S	L	1	4	5	9	(M)	N *	–	TX/CE	–	0	5	0	–	16	–	J10KRF
①		②		③	④	⑤		⑥			⑦		⑧				⑨		⑩

With manual opening + opening limit device
Pneumatically operated ON-OFF diaphragm valve reverse acting type
Pneumatically operated ON-OFF diaphragm valve
Weir type diaphragm valve
Main body: PFA-lined
Base material: FCD-S
Diaphragm : NEW PTFE/EPDM
Nominal size : DN50
Actuator code : 16
JIS 10KRF

The above-mentioned product codes represent the standard system. A separate code number may be given to a product manufactured according to requested specifications. For any question on the detail of product coding, contact our Sales Dept. or local representative.

6 REFERENCE MATERIALS

④ Material Selection Table

This valve selection table outlines typical reference materials based on our tests and rich performance data.
(The following table represents excerpts of reference materials. For application under other fluid, concentration, temperature and other conditions than stated in the table, please contact our Sales Dept. or local representative.)

Material evaluation symbol
◎: Comprehensively recommended ○: Applicable △: Conditionally applicable ×: Inapplicable —: Applicability unknown

Fluid name	Concentration%	Temperature℃	Main body material code*1													Diaphragm material code*2					
			01	04	07	12	13	30	33	35	36	40	59	60	80	NR	CR	BG	EP	AB	TX
Sodium nitrite	60	20 to 60	△	△	○	○	○	◎	○	○	○	○	○	○	-	○	○	○	◎	○	○
		61 to 80	△	△	○	○	○	◎	△	△	△	○	○	○	-	○	○	△	◎	×	○
Sulfite solution	5	20 to 60	×	×	○	○	○	◎	△	○	△	○	○	○	-	○	◎	○	○	△	○
		61 to 80	×	×	○	○	○	◎	△	○	△	○	○	○	-	×	×	×	×	×	◎
Sodium sulfite	20 or under	20 to 60	×	×	○	○	○	◎	△	○	△	○	○	○	-	○	◎	○	○	△	○
		61 to 80	×	×	○	○	○	◎	△	○	△	○	○	○	-	○	○	△	◎	×	○
Ammonia water	28	20 to 50	○	○	○	○	○	◎	○	○	○	×	○	○	-	○	◎	○	○	-	○
Ethylene glycol	100	20 to 60	◎	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	◎	○	○	○	○
		61 to 80	◎	○	○	○	○	○	△	△	△	○	○	○	○	○	○	△	◎	△	○
		81 or over	○	◎	○	○	○	×	×	×	×	○	○	○	○	×	×	×	△	×	◎
Ammonium chloride	35	20 to 50	×	×	×	×	×	◎	○	○	○	○	○	○	-	○	◎	○	○	○	○
	55	60	×	×	×	×	×	◎	△	△	△	○	○	○	-	○	○	△	◎	×	○
	77	98	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	○	○	○	-	×	×	×	△	×	◎
Hydrochloric acid	5 or under	20 to 60	×	×	×	×	×	◎	○	○	○	○	○	○	-	◎	○	○	○	○	○
		61 to 80	×	×	×	×	×	◎	×	×	△	○	○	○	-	○	△	○	◎	△	○
		81 to 100	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	○	○	◎	-	×	×	×	△	×	◎
	6 to 20	20 to 60	×	×	×	×	×	◎	△	×	△	○	○	○	-	◎	○	○	○	○	○
		61 to 80	×	×	×	×	×	◎	×	×	×	○	○	○	-	△	△	△	○	△	◎
		81 to 100	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	○	◎	○	-	×	×	×	△	×	◎
	21 to 30	20 to 50	×	×	×	×	×	◎	×	×	△	○	○	○	-	○	○	○	◎	△	○
		51 to 70	×	×	×	×	×	◎	×	×	×	○	○	○	-	△	△	△	○	△	◎
		71 to 80	×	×	×	×	×	○	×	×	×	○	◎	○	-	×	×	×	×	×	◎
		81 to 90	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	○	◎	○	-	×	×	×	×	×	◎
	31 to 35	20 to 35	×	×	×	×	×	○	×	×	×	○	◎	○	-	△	×	○	○	×	◎
		36 to 60	×	×	×	×	×	○	×	×	×	○	◎	○	-	×	×	×	○	×	◎
		61 to 80	×	×	×	×	×	○	×	×	×	○	◎	○	-	×	×	×	×	×	◎
	36	20 to 35	×	×	×	×	×	○	×	×	×	○	○	◎	-	×	×	×	○	×	◎
		36 to 70	×	×	×	×	×	○	×	×	×	○	○	◎	-	×	×	×	×	×	◎
Fuming hydrochloric acid	37.2 or over	20 to 35	×	×	×	×	×	○	×	×	×	○	◎	○	-	×	×	×	×	×	◎
		36 to 60	×	×	×	×	×	△	×	×	×	○	◎	○	-	×	×	×	×	×	◎
Chlorine gas (wet)		20 to 35	×	×	×	×	×	△	×	×	×	○	◎	○	○	×	×	×	△	×	◎
		36 or over	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	○	◎	○	○	×	×	×	×	×	◎
Chlorine gas (dry)		20 to 35	×	△	△	△	△	△	×	×	×	○	○	◎	-	×	×	×	△	×	◎
		36 or over	×	△	△	△	△	×	×	×	×	○	○	◎	-	×	×	×	×	×	○
Sodium chlorate	20 or over	20 to 50	×	×	○	○	○	○	△	△	△	○	○	◎	-	△	△	△	○	-	◎
		51 or over	×	×	○	○	○	×	×	×	×	○	○	◎	-	×	×	×	×	-	◎
Chlorine water	0.3 or under	20 to 35	×	×	×	×	×	◎	×	×	×	○	○	○	○	×	×	×	○	×	◎
		36 or over	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	○	○	◎	○	×	×	×	×	×	◎
Seawater		20	×	×	×	×	×	◎	○	○	○	-	○	○	-	○	◎	○	○	-	○
Acetic acid	5 or under	20 to 50	×	×	○	○	○	◎	△	○	○	×	○	○	-	○	◎	○	△	△	○
		51 to 60	×	×	○	○	○	◎	△	△	×	×	○	○	-	○	○	○	△	×	◎
		61 to 80	×	×	○	○	○	×	×	×	×	×	○	◎	-	×	×	△	×	×	◎
	6 to 20	20 to 35	×	×	○	○	○	◎	×	○	×	×	○	○	-	×	○	◎	×	×	○
		36 to 50	×	×	○	○	○	◎	×	×	×	×	○	○	-	×	△	○	×	×	○
		51 to 80	×	×	○	○	○	×	×	×	×	×	○	◎	-	×	×	×	×	×	○
	21 to 40	20 to 35	×	×	○	○	○	◎	×	×	×	×	○	○	-	×	×	○	×	×	◎
		36 to 50	×	×	○	○	○	○	×	×	×	×	○	◎	-	×	×	○	×	×	◎
		51 to 80	×	×	○	○	○	×	×	×	×	×	○	◎	-	×	×	×	×	×	○
	41 to 60	20 to 35	×	×	○	○	○	○	×	×	×	×	◎	○	-	×	×	○	×	×	◎
		36 to 50	×	×	○	○	○	△	×	×	×	×	◎	○	-	×	×	×	×	×	◎
		51 to 80	×	×	○	○	○	×	×	×	×	×	◎	○	-	×	×	×	×	×	◎
	61 to 80	20 to 35	×	×	○	○	○	△	×	×	×	×	◎	○	-	×	×	×	×	×	◎
		36 to 50	×	×	○	○	○	×	×	×	×	×	◎	○	-	×	×	×	×	×	◎
		51 to 80	×	×	○	○	○	×	×	×	×	×	◎	○	-	×	×	×	×	×	◎
	96 to 100	20 to 35	×	×	○	○	○	×	×	×	×	×	◎	○	-	×	×	×	×	×	◎
		36 or over	×	×	○	○	○	×	×	×	×	×	◎	○	-	×	×	×	×	×	◎
Sodium hypochlorite	0.1 or under	20 to 35	×	×	×	×	×	◎	△	△	△	○	○	○	-	△	△	△	◎	△	○
		36 to 50	×	×	×	×	×	◎	×	×	×	○	○	○	-	×	×	△	○	×	◎
		51 to 60	×	×	×	×	×	◎	×	×	×	○	○	○	-	×	×	×	×	×	◎
	0.11 to 1.0	20 to 35	×	×	×	×	×	◎	△	△	△	○	○	○	-	△	△	△	◎	×	○
		36 to 50	×	×	×	×	×	○	×	×	×	○	○	◎	-	×	×	×	△	×	◎
		51 or over	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	○	○	◎	-	×	×	×	×	×	◎
	1.1 to 2.0	20 to 35	×	×	×	×	×	◎	×	×	△	○	○	○	-	×	△	△	◎	×	○
		36 to 50	×	×	×	×	×	○	×	×	×	○	○	◎	-	×	×	×	△	×	◎
		51 or over	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	○	○	◎	-	×	×	×	×	×	◎
	2.1 to 5.0	20 to 35	×	×	×	×	×	◎	×	×	△	○	○	○	-	×	×	△	◎	×	○
		36 to 50	×	×	×	×	×	○	×	×	×	○	○	◎	-	×	×	×	△	×	◎
		51 or over	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	○	○	◎	-	×	×	×	×	×	◎
	5.1 to 10	20 to 35	×	×	×	×	×	○	×	×	×	○	○	◎	-	×	×	×	○	×	◎
		36 or over	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	○	○	◎	-	×	×	×	×	×	◎
	11 to 13	20 to 35	×	×	×	×	×	△	×	×	×	○	○	◎	-	×	×	×	△	×	◎
		36 or over	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	○	◎	○	-	×	×	×	×	×	◎

Material evaluation symbol
◎: Comprehensively recommended ○: Applicable △: Conditionally applicable × : Inapplicable —: Applicability unknown

Fluid name	Concentration%	Temperature℃	Main body material code*1													Diaphragm material code*2					
			01	04	07	12	13	30	33	35	36	40	59	60	80	NR	CR	BG	EP	AB	TX
Nitric acid	0.5 or under	20 to 35	×	×	○	○	○	◎	○	○	○	○	○	○	-	○	○	○	◎	○	○
		36 to 50	×	×	○	○	○	◎	△	△	○	○	○	○	-	○	○	○	◎	△	○
		51 to 80	×	×	◎	○	○	×	×	×	×	○	○	○	-	×	×	×	○	×	◎
		81 or over	×	×	◎	○	○	×	×	×	×	○	○	○	-	×	×	×	×	×	◎
	0.6 to 10	20 to 35	×	×	○	○	○	◎	×	×	△	○	○	○	-	△	△	△	◎	×	○
		36 to 50	×	×	○	○	○	○	×	×	×	○	○	○	-	×	×	×	◎	×	◎
		51 or over	×	×	◎	○	○	×	×	×	×	○	○	△	-	×	×	×	×	×	◎
	11 to 20	20 to 35	×	×	◎	○	○	△	×	×	×	○	○	○	-	×	×	×	○	×	◎
		36 to 50	×	×	◎	○	○	×	×	×	×	○	○	○	-	×	×	×	○	×	◎
		51 or over	×	×	◎	○	○	×	×	×	×	○	○	○	-	×	×	×	×	×	◎
	21 to 70	20 to 60	×	×	◎	○	○	×	×	×	×	○	○	○	-	×	×	×	×	×	◎
		61 or over	×	×	△	△	△	×	×	×	×	○	◎	△	-	×	×	×	×	×	◎
Sodium hydroxide (caustic soda)	5 or under	20 to 50	○	○	○	○	○	◎	○	○	○	×	○	○	×	◎	○	○	○	○	○
		51 to 80	○	○	○	○	○	◎	×	○	○	×	○	○	×	○	○	△	◎	△	○
		81 to 100	○	○	○	○	○	×	×	×	△	×	◎	○	×	×	×	×	△	×	◎
	6 to 10	20 to 50	○	○	○	○	○	◎	○	○	○	×	○	○	×	◎	○	○	○	○	○
		51 to 80	○	○	○	○	○	◎	×	○	○	×	○	○	×	○	○	△	◎	△	○
		81 to 100	○	○	○	○	○	×	×	×	△	×	◎	○	×	×	×	×	△	×	◎
	11 to 20	20 to 50	○	○	○	○	○	◎	○	○	○	×	○	○	×	◎	○	○	○	○	○
		51 to 80	○	○	○	○	○	◎	×	○	○	×	○	○	×	○	○	△	◎	△	○
		81 to 100	○	○	○	○	○	×	×	×	△	×	◎	○	×	×	×	×	△	×	◎
	21 to 40	20 to 50	○	○	○	○	○	◎	○	○	○	×	○	○	×	◎	○	○	○	○	○
		51 to 80	△	△	○	○	○	◎	×	○	○	×	○	○	×	△	△	△	◎	△	○
		81 to 100	△	△	△	△	△	×	×	×	△	×	◎	○	×	×	×	×	△	×	◎
	41 to 50	20 to 50	△	△	○	○	○	◎	○	○	○	×	○	○	×	◎	○	○	○	○	○
		51 to 80	△	△	△	△	△	◎	×	○	○	×	○	○	×	△	△	△	○	△	◎
		81 to 100	△	△	△	△	△	×	×	×	△	×	◎	○	×	×	×	×	△	×	◎
	51 to 60	20 to 50	△	△	○	○	○	◎	○	○	○	×	○	○	×	◎	△	△	○	×	○
		51 to 80	×	×	△	△	△	◎	×	○	○	×	○	○	×	×	×	×	○	×	◎
		81 to 100	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	◎	○	×	×	×	×	×	×	◎
Phthalic acid (alcoholic solution)	10 or under	20 to 60	△	△	○	○	○	△	×	×	×	○	◎	○	-	×	×	×	△	-	◎
Hydrofluoric acid	1 or under	20 to 60	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	○	◎	-	×	×	×	×	×	◎
		61 to 80	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	○	◎	-	×	×	×	×	×	◎
	2 to 5	20 to 60	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	○	◎	-	×	×	×	×	×	◎
		61 to 80	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	○	◎	-	×	×	×	×	×	◎
	6 to 9	20 to 60	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	○	◎	-	×	×	×	×	×	◎
		61 to 80	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	○	◎	-	×	×	×	×	×	◎
	10 to 30	20 to 60	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	○	◎	-	×	×	×	×	×	◎
		61 or over	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	◎	○	-	×	×	×	×	×	◎
	30 or under	20~100	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	◎	○	-	×	×	×	×	×	◎
Polyaluminum chloride		20 to 80	△	△	○	○	○	◎	○	○	○	○	○	○	-	◎	○	○	○	-	○
Sulfuric acid	20 or under	20 to 60	×	×	×	×	×	◎	○	○	○	○	○	○	-	○	◎	○	○	×	○
		61 to 70	×	×	×	×	×	◎	△	△	△	○	○	○	-	○	○	△	◎	×	○
		71 to 90	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	○	◎	○	-	×	×	×	×	×	◎
	21 to 50	20 to 60	×	×	×	×	×	◎	○	○	○	○	○	○	-	○	○	○	○	×	◎
		61 to 70	×	×	×	×	×	○	×	△	△	○	○	◎	-	△	○	△	○	×	◎
		71 to 90	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	○	◎	○	-	×	×	×	×	×	◎
	51 to 80	20 to 70	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	○	○	◎	-	×	×	×	×	×	◎
		71 to 90	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	○	◎	○	-	×	×	×	×	×	◎
	81 to 97	20 to 90	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	○	◎	○	-	×	×	×	×	×	◎
	98 or over	20 to 35	◎	○	○	○	○	×	×	×	×	○	○	○	-	×	×	×	×	×	◎
		36 or over	△	△	△	△	△	×	×	×	×	○	◎	○	-	×	×	×	×	×	◎
Fuming sulfuric acid		20	○	○	○	○	○	×	×	×	×	○	◎	○	-	×	×	×	×	○	◎
Phosphoric acid	40 or under	20~40	×	×	×	×	×	○	◎	○	○	○	○	○	-	◎	○	○	○	○	○
		41~60	×	×	×	×	×	◎	○	○	△	○	○	○	-	◎	○	○	○	△	○
		61~80	×	×	×	×	×	◎	×	×	×	○	○	◎	-	△	△	△	◎	△	○
	41 to 65	20~40	×	×	×	×	×	○	◎	○	○	○	○	○	-	◎	○	○	○	△	○
		41 to 60	×	×	×	×	×	◎	○	○	△	○	○	○	-	◎	○	○	○	△	○
		61 to 80	×	×	×	×	×	○	×	×	×	○	○	◎	-	△	△	△	◎	△	○
	66 to 85	20 to 40	×	×	×	×	×	○	◎	○	○	○	○	○	-	◎	○	○	○	△	○
		41 to 60	×	×	×	×	×	◎	○	○	△	○	○	○	-	◎	○	○	○	△	○
		61 to 80	×	×	×	×	×	○	×	×	×	○	○	◎	-	△	△	△	○	×	◎
	86 to 100	20 to 40	×	×	×	×	×	◎	○	△	○	○	○	○	-	◎	○	○	○	△	○
		41 to 60	×	×	×	×	×	◎	△	△	△	○	○	○	-	◎	△	○	○	△	○
		61 to 80	×	×	×	×	×	○	×	×	×	○	◎	○	-	△	×	×	△	×	◎

*1 : See p.10 and 15. *2 : See p.11 and 15.

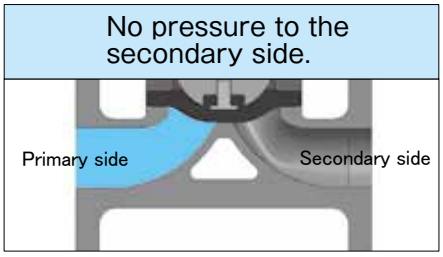
[Note]

- This table is applicable only for the diaphragm valve materials used by our company. The data is not applicable to composite chemical solution. For specific chemicals, contact our Sales Dept. or local representative.
- Rubber-lined bodies are not applicable to by-product hydrochloric acid (hydrochloric acid obtained as a by-product in the manufacturing process of chloromethane, chloroform, vinyl chloride, trichloroethylene and chlorobenzene). Bodies with ETFE or PFA lining are recommended.

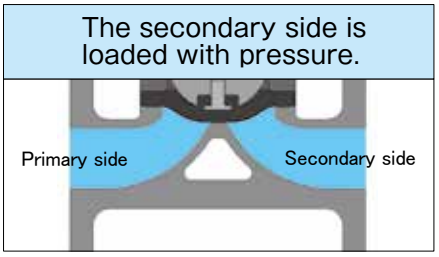
6 REFERENCE MATERIALS

⑤ Actuator Selection Table

Fluid pressure stated in the actuator selection table in this catalog represents the pressure to the primary side when no pressure is applied to the secondary side (atmospheric pressure). If the secondary side is loaded with the pressure when the valve is closed, a greater output may be required. In such a case, please contact our Business Dept.



Use the selection table in this catalog.



Contact us as correction is required.

7

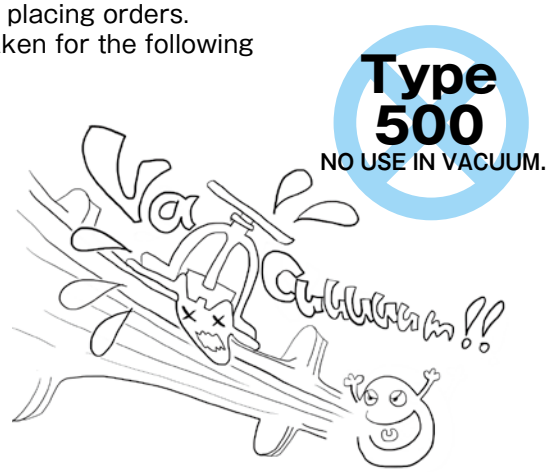
SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

7 SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

1 Cautions for selecting the valve

①Products described in this catalog have respective range of application specified according to the official standards and our own standard. Customers are requested to check on your conditions for usage (fluid, pressure, temperature, etc.) before selecting an optimum product.
②Select the material for the main body (lining), diaphragm, bonnet, compressor, base and other depending on the fluid you are to handle. As to the materials for the main body (lining) and diaphragm, please refer to the material selection table in the catalog or contact us. Please note that certain types and sizes of bonnet, compressor, base, etc. are standard manufactured using aluminum alloy. Optionally these products are also manufactured using steel material (FC200, SCS13, etc). When handling some liquid that erodes aluminum alloy, using steel material is recommended for the sake of safety. Please discuss this matter when placing orders.
③When using Type 500 (Straight type), care should be taken for the following matters due to valve characteristics:

(1)Avoid using it in a vacuum environment.
(2)Avoid controlling it or using it with the opening set to intermediate level.
(3)Avoid using it for handling a fluid of 70℃ or over continuously with the valve fully open.
(4)Avoid using it with the valve fully closed at a discharge side of a pump for example where high pressure or pulsation is momentarily loaded.
(5)Avoid using it for an abrasive fluid with the valve almost fully closed.



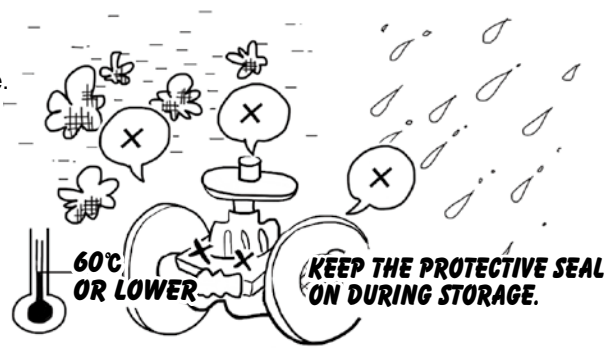
2 Cautions at Receiving and during Delivery

① Upon receipt of valves, check that the product and quantity are as ordered. Also check if the package and packing are undamaged.
② Certain items weigh heavy. When unloading or delivering the product, mind the safety by using an appropriate hoisting machines, etc. in conformity to Occupational Safety and Health Act or equivalent law. Never enter directly below a hoisted product package or operate the hoist from under the raised package.
③ If wetted, cardboard boxes may lose packing strength. In such a case, handle them with utmost care.
④ When handling a main body with the lining of hard rubber or glass lining or ceramic body, handle carefully and protect it from a strong impact or the lining may be damaged.

3 Cautions for Storage

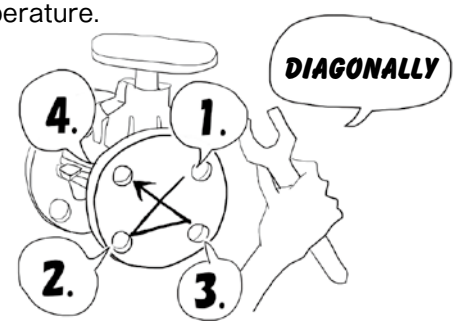
① Users are recommended to keep the product in packed state until starting installation to the piping.
② When storing the valve in unpacked condition for a period of time, always keep the protective seal (a cap) on to the face of the flange for piping.
③ To prevent the valve from rust or rubber and plastic material from degradation, store the valve in the following conditions:

(1)Keep away from the rainwater.
(2)Keep away from direct sunlight.
(3)Keep it at the ambient temperature of 60℃ or lower.
(4)Keep away from high humidity and dusty atmosphere.



4 Cautions for Installation to the Piping

① Remove the protective seal (a cap) from the connecting flange face of the main body. Check the inside of the valve for any contamination or attachment of foreign matters. Also check the piping system to connect the valve to for cleanliness and any foreign matters. Apply a gas blowing or liquid flushing as may be needed. Foreign matters inside the valve if any may cause leakage when caught between the valve base of the main body and the diaphragm.
② Provide a space around the valve necessary for overhauling. Such a space should allow to replace the diaphragm with the main body remaining connected to the piping. Particularly, when hoisting the bonnet, necessary space must be provided for the hoisting operation.
③ When installing the valve to the piping, prevent it from receiving abnormal tension, compression or bending stress.
④ In the case of a flat face flange, use a gasket that fully covers the flange face. If a soft rubber-lined body is covered with a gasket that fails to cover the flange face completely, the lining may be damaged or leakage may occur.
⑤ Use rubber gasket to the rubber-lined main body.
⑥ For connection to the piping, use the bolts of a length that makes no contact with the bonnet flange or use continuous thread studs and adjust the length of the protruding head of the stud. Tightening the bolt in contact with the bonnet flange may cause external leakage or damage the bonnet, causing the valve failure.
Particular care is required to the contact of the bonnet flange with the piping bolt when installing a valve of DN15 to 80 to the piping.
Users are recommended to use a double-end stud for the piping bolt and the nut of Style 1 (JIS B 1181), Class 1 or 2 (JIS B 1181 Attachment 1). Make adjustment to prevent contact between the bonnet flange and the piping bolts.
Adjustment position should read a position where the end face of the bolt is flush with the end face of the nut. (Select a bolt so that the fit length of the thread will be definitely at least 80% or higher of the height of the nut.)
⑦ When installing the valve to the piping, tighten individual bolts alternately and diagonally under identical torque. Unevenly clamped bolts may cause leakage from the connecting flange face.
⑧ Products with the air vent port (manually operated valve of DN125 and over, pneumatically operated valve and electrically operated valve) should be protected from the entry of rainwater, etc. through the port.
⑨ When connecting the valve with welded joint, always remove the bonnet including the diaphragm from the main body before welding. Reinstall the bonnet and all including the diaphragm after the temperature of the welded portions reaches the normal temperature.
⑩ Care should be given to the following points for wiring:
(1)Before closing the switch cover, make sure that the gasket is perfectly applied and the mating face is cleaned. Close the switch cover by tightening the mounting bolts steadily.
(2)Outlet port for the outside lead wire should be made rainwater-proof.
(3)Always keep the switch cover closed.
(4)Positively never carry on outdoor wiring work in the rain.
(5)After making wire connection, always check operation.



5 Cautions for Machine Operation

① Opening/closing the valve with part of an operator's body or wear carelessly in contact with the moving parts inside or outside of the valve may lead to a serious injuries. Never touch the inside or moving parts of the valve.
② When opening/closing the valve, don't operate the handwheel by hooking an auxiliary pipe or wrench on it. Or an excessive load will be applied to the valve component possibly to damage it.
③ When operating the handwheel to close the valve, stop the closing operation at maximum 15 to 20 degrees after sensing the valve resistance to the closing motion.
Excessive tightening may cause a shorter diaphragm life. Particular care is required when handling a fluid in high temperature.
④ If the handwheel operation is felt heavier in the middle of a valve closing operation, certain foreign matters might have been caught with the valve seat. In such a case, open the valve once, let the fluid flow through, and check if the foreign matters are washed away, then start the closing operation again.
⑤ If ambient temperature or fluid temperature changes greatly while the fluid is sealed inside the piping, thermal expansion of the fluid causes the pressure to change, possibly leading to external leakage or damaged diaphragm.

7 SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

In addition, if the valve is operated to open/close while the valves before and after the diaphragm valve are closed and the inside fully filled with the fluid, the same phenomenon may occur, for which care should be taken.

⑥ If the fluid fully inside the valve is frozen, the valve may be freeze-fractured. For application in an environment where freezing may likely happen, take anti-freeze measures by providing the piping with thermal insulation or if the valve is not in use, to extract liquid from inside the valve, etc.

⑦ Rubber is used for the material of diaphragm. The nuts that clamp the diaphragm may be loosened due to vibration during transportation or stress relaxation after a long period of operation. In such a case, render the diaphragm unloaded by nullifying the fluid pressure, then apply prescribed torque to tighten the nuts to the required level.

6 Cautions for the Actuators of Pneumatically, Electrically Operated Valve

① Protective sealing (cap) is provided to the air intake port and the electric wiring connection port. Don't remove the sealing (cap) until the connection joint is installed.

② Actuators are shipped factory-adjusted. Don't disassemble and reassemble them. If any adjustment is required, please contact us.

③ Dehumidify the air and filter it clean before leading to the valve for application.

④ For the operating pressure and power supply, see the nameplate or the specifications of delivered product.

⑤ Protect the products with the air vent port against the entry of rainwater.

7 Cautions for Disassembly and Assembly

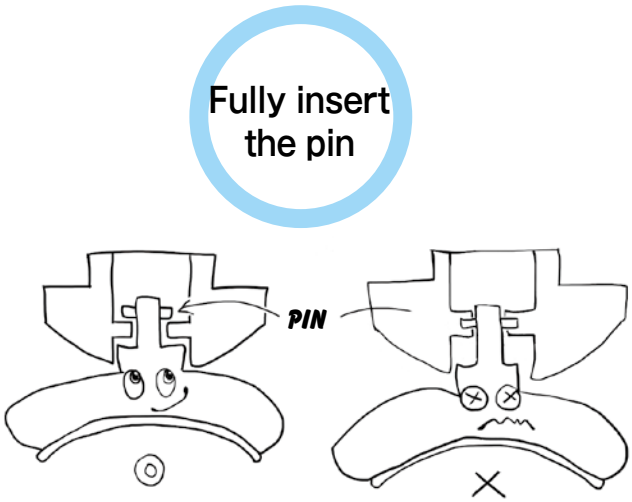
This is general information. Do not disassemble before you read necessary manual in details.

① When removing or disassembling the valve, ensure the following matters or you may be risking a serious hazard:

(1)The object valve should have been separated from other piping.
(2)The fluid pressure and temperature inside the piping and the valve should be atmospheric and normal.
(3)There remains no residual fluid inside the piping, and no fluid leakage occurs when the mounting bolts and nuts are loosened.

② Provide maintenance work for the diaphragm and actuator periodically.

(1)Rubber diaphragm is screwed in. When mounting to the compressor, apply appropriate pressure to screw it in. Slightly bring it back from where it stopped to align the bolt hole positions.
(2)PTFE diaphragm is of a bayonet type. To install to the compressor, push the center of a diaphragm firmly with fingertips. Ensure that the pin has fully entered the compressor before turning it 90 degrees clockwise or counterclockwise.
In the case of a reverse seat type diaphragm, turn it over before installation. Turning the diaphragm before the pin fully enters the compressor may damage the pin.
(3)When reassembling to the valve, run centering, and tighten the bolts and nuts evenly by applying prescribed torque.
(4)For detailed maintenance instructions, see the instruction manual or contact our Sales Dept. or local representative.



● The ISO 9001･14001 certificate was awarded

ISO 9001 99QR･167
ISO 14001 08ER･701

⚠ CAUTION

Specifications and performance figures of products contained in this catalog are based on the design calculations, in-house tests, actual records of product application, and the official standards and specifications. They are presented as the user guide on the use of product concerned under general service conditions. Users intending to use the product under a special condition are required to receive engineering advice from this company in advance or to make their own studies and evaluation to verify performance on their own responsibility. This company shall not be liable for any damages, material or human, that may arise without following this procedure. Inasmuch as full care was taken in editing this catalog, users are kindly requested to make contact with this company for any questions or discrepancies found. This catalog is subject to change without notice for the purpose of correcting error, supplementing or improving insufficient content, updating the content to the improved product performance, design change, discontinuation of product and other reasons. Revised version automatically invalidates catalogs issued prior to the current version. Check the version with our Sales Dept. or local representative before you place orders.

⚠ WARNING ⚠ CAUTION

There are some instructions for use of diaphragm valve because of a constructional characteristic. When valve is delivered, the leaflet related to instruction on Safety is bundled. Please read this instruction thoroughly before beginning of use and handling to use your product safely and stably for a prolonged life.

NDV NIPPON DAIYA VALVE CO., LTD.

Head Office ——— 1-3-22, Hiro-machi, Shinagawa-ku, Tokyo 140-0005

Tokyo Sales Department — TEL. TOKYO (03)3490-4801 FAX. TOKYO (03)3490-7950

International Sales Department — TEL. TOKYO (03)5434-5330 FAX. TOKYO (03)5434-5331

Nagoya Branch ——— 3-2108, Nakajima-shincho, Nakagawa-ku, Nagoya-shi, Aichi 454-0932
TEL. AICHI (052)354-3171 FAX. AICHI (052)354-3174

Osaka Branch ——— Takakura Bldg., 2-5-9, Awaji-machi, Chuo-ku, Osaka-shi, Osaka 541-0047
TEL. OSAKA (06)6203-7721 FAX. OSAKA (06)6222-5895

Okayama Branch ——— Ima 8-chome No.2 Bldg.,3-35, Ima 8-chome,Kita-ku Okayama-shi,Okayama 700-0975
TEL. OKAYAMA (086)241-2669 FAX. OKAYAMA (086)244-3540

Kitakyushu Branch ——— 2-2-4, Tate-machi, Kokurakita-ku, Kitakyushu-shi, Fukuoka 803-0818
TEL. FUKUOKA (093)571-2438, FAX. FUKUOKA (093)591-3277

http://www.ndv.co.jp

20.02. S A
16.01.